# **Independent Auditor's Report**

## To the Members of Lakeshore Watersports Company Limited

### Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Lakeshore Watersports Company Limited ("the Company"), which comprise the Balance Sheet as at 31<sup>st</sup> March 2017, the Statement of Profit and Loss, Statement of changes in equity and the Cash Flow Statement for the period then ended and a summary of the significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

# Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in Section 134(5) of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") with respect to the preparation and presentation of these financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance changes in equity and cash flows of the Company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with Rule 4 of the Companies (Indian Accounting Standard) Rules, 2015. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

# **Auditor's Responsibility**

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We have taken into account the provisions of the Act, the accounting and auditing standards and matters which are required to be included in the audit report under the provisions of the Act and the Rules made there under.

We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing specified under Section 143(10) of the Act. Those Standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and the disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal financial control relevant to the Company's preparation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view in order



to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of the accounting policies used and the reasonableness of the accounting estimates made by the Company's Directors as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on the financial statements.

## Opinion

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid financial statements give the information required by the Act in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at March 31, 2017, and its profit, changes in equity and its cash flows for the year ended on that date.

#### Other Matters:

The comparative financial information of the company for the year ended March 31, 2016 and the transition date opening balance sheet as at April 1, 2015 included in these Standalone financial statements are based on the previously issued statutory financial statements prepared in accordance with the Companies (Accounting Standards) Rules, 2006 audited by the predecessor auditor whose report for the year ended March 31, 2016 and March 31, 2015 dated April 19, 2016 and April 21, 2015 respectively expressed an unmodified opinion on those standalone financial statements, as adjusted for the differences in the accounting principles adopted by the company on transition to the Ind AS, which have been audited by us.

Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.

#### Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

- 1. As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2016 ("the Order"), issued by the Central Government of India Ministry of Corporate Affairs in terms of sub-section (11) of section 143 of the Act, we enclose in the Annexure A, a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the said Order, to the extent applicable.
- 2. As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, we report that:
  - (a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit;
  - (b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books;
  - (c) The Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss ,the Statement of changes in Equity and the Cash Flow Statement dealt with in this Report are in agreement with the books of account;



- (d) In our opinion, the aforesaid financial statements comply with the Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with Rule 4 of the Companies (Indian Accounting Standard) Rules, 2015.
- (e) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on March 31, 2017 taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on March 31, 2017 from being appointed as director in terms of section 164(2) of the Act.
- (f) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate report in "Annexure B".
- (g) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
  - (i) The Company does not have any pending litigations which would impact its financial position;
  - (ii) The Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses.
  - (iii) There were no amounts which were required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company.
  - (iv) The company has disclosed in its financial statements as to holdings as well as dealings in specified bank notes during the period from 8th November, 2016 to 30th December, 2016 and the same are in accordance with books of account maintained by the company.

For G. D. Apte& Co Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration Number: 100515W

U.S.Abhyankar

Partner

Membership No.: 113 053 Mumbai, April 18, 2017

# Annexure - A to the Auditor's Report

(Referred to in Paragraph 1 under the heading 'Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements' of our report of even date to the member of the company for the year ended March 31, 2017, of Lakeshore Watersports Company Limited)

- (i) (a) The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars of fixed assets including quantitative details and situation of Fixed Assets.
  - (b) All fixed assets have not been physically verified by the management during the year but there is a regular programme of verification which, in our opinion, is reasonable having regard to the size of the Company and the nature of its assets. No material discrepancies were noticed on such verification.
  - (c) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the title deeds of all immovable properties appearing in books of account are held in the name of the company except for the following cases where title deeds are not available with the Company:

Nature	No. of Assets	Gross Block (Rs in Lakhs)	Net Block (Rs in Lakhs)
Building	2	37.26	4.35

- (ii) Considering the nature of business of the company, Paragraph 3 (ii) of the Order regarding inventory is not applicable.
- (iii) As per information and explanations given to us, the company has not granted any loans, secured or unsecured to companies, firms, Limited liability partnerships or other parties covered in the register maintained under section 189 of the Companies Act, 2013. Accordingly, provisions of Paragraphs 3 (iii) of the Order are not applicable.
- (iv) As per information and explanations given to us and as per the audit procedure performed by us, the company has not advanced any loans, made any investment or given any guarantees and securities. Accordingly, Paragraph 3(iv) of the Order is not applicable.
- (v) The Company has not accepted any deposits from the public to which the provisions of section 73 to 76 or any other relevant provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Companies (Acceptance of Deposit) Rules 2014 apply.
- (vi) According to the information and explanations given to us, the company is not required to maintain cost records under sub-section (1) of section 148 of the companies Act, 2013.
- (vii) (a) According to the records of the company, provident fund, income tax, sales tax, service tax, duty of customs, duty of excise, cess, Value added tax and other material



statutory dues applicable to it have been generally regularly deposited during the year with appropriate authorities though there has been a small delay in few cases in respect of tax deducted at source and service tax.

According to the information and explanation given to us, there are no undisputed dues in respect of provident fund, investors education and protection fund, employees' state insurance, income-tax, service tax, sales-tax, duty of customs, duty of excise, cess and other statutory dues which were outstanding, at the year end for the period of more than six months from the date they became payable.

- (b) According to the information and explanations given to us, there are no dues of income tax, sales tax, service tax, duty of excise, duty of customs and value added tax which have not been deposited on account of any dispute.
- (viii) According to the information and explanation given to us, the company has not taken any money from any financial institution, bank, Government or debenture holder, and accordingly Paragraph 3 (viii) of the order is not applicable to the company.
- (ix) The Company has not raised any money by way of initial public offer or further public offer (including debt instruments) and did not have any term loans outstanding during the year. Accordingly, Paragraph 3 (ix) of the Order is not applicable to the company.
- (x) According to the information and explanations given by the management, and based on our audit procedures, we report that no fraud by the Company or on the Company by any of its officers or employees has been noticed or reported during the course of our audit.
- (xi) According to the information and explanations given by the management, no managerial remuneration has been paid during the year. Accordingly, paragraph 3(xi) of the Order is not applicable to the company.
- (xii) According to the explanations given to us, the Company is not a Nidhi Company within the meaning of section 406 of the Act.
- (xiii) Based upon the audit procedures performed for the purpose of reporting the true and fair view of the financial statements and as per the information and explanations given to us, we report that the transactions with the related parties are in compliance with section 188 of the Act where applicable and the details as required by the applicable accounting standards have been disclosed in the financial Statements. Since, the company is not listed company or a company prescribed within the class of companies under Rule 6 of Companies (Meetings of Board and its Powers) Rules, 2014, provisions of section 177 of the Act are not applicable to the company.
- (xiv) The Company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares or fully or partly convertible debentures during the year under review.



- (xv) Based upon the audit procedures performed for the purpose of reporting true and fair view of financial statements and as per the information and explanations given to us, we report that the company has not entered into any non-cash transactions of the nature as described in section 192(1) of the Act.
- (xvi) Based upon the audit procedures performed by us and as per information and explanations given to us, we report that the company is not required to be registered under section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934.

For G. D. Apte & Co Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration Number: 100515W

U. S. Abhyankar

**Partner** 

Membership No.: 113 053 Mumbai, April 18, 2017

#### ANNEXURE 'B' TO THE AUDITORS' REPORT

(Referred to in paragraph 2 (f) under the heading 'Report on other legal and regulatory requirements' of our report on even date on the Internal Financial Controls under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") to the members of the Company for the year ended March 31, 2017 of Lakeshore Watersports Company Limited)

### To the Members of Lakeshore Watersports Company Limited

We have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of Lakeshore Watersports Company Limited ("the Company"), as of March 31, 2017 in conjunction with our audit of the financial statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

#### Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Company's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (ICAI). These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013.

#### Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") and the Standards on Auditing as specified under section 143(10) of the Act to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls, both applicable to an audit of internal financial controls and both issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.



We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls system over financial reporting.

## Meaning of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting

A company's internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorisations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorised acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

# Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

## **Opinion**

In our opinion, the Company has, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting and such internal financial controls over financial reporting were operating effectively as at March 31, 2017, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the ICAI.

For G. D. Apte & Co Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration Number: 100515W

U. S. Abhyankar

Partner

Membership No.: 113 053 Mumbai, April 18, 2017

Email - audit@gdaca.com

CIN: U74900MH2010PLC200834

Balance Sheet As At 31st March 2017

(₹ in Lakhs)

	Particulars	Note No	As at 31st March 2017	As at 31st March 2016	As at 1st April 2015
(1)	ASSETS Non-current assets				·
	Property, Plant and Equipment	2.01	173.02	194.11	181,68
	Intangible Assets	2.01	0.64	0.27	0.53
(c)	Financial Assets (i) Other Financial assets	2,02	0.94	0.94	0.04
(d)	Deferred tax asset (net)	2.02	0.94	0.94	0.94
(e)	Other Non Current Assets	2.03	-	5.55	-
	Current assets Financial Assets				
(a)	(i) Trade Receivable	2.04	1.16	9.46	5.07
	(ii) Cash and Cash Equivalent	2.04	116.70	9.46 41.43	50.80
	(iii) Other Bank Balances	2.06	63.45	74.36	54.92
	(iv) Other Financial assets	2.07	4.84	4.84	4.84
(b)	Current tax assets (net)	2.08	1.16	1.28	0.48
(c)	Other current assets	2.09	5.97	1.95	17.65
<u> </u>	Total Assets		367.88	334.18	316.91
	EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			·	
(2)	Equity Equity Share capital			:	
	Other Equity	2.10 2.11	5.00 302.89	5.00 261.67	5.00
(~,	other Equity	2.11	302.69	201.07	195.43
	LIABILITIES				
	Non-current liabilities Provisions				
	Deferred tax liabilities (net)	2.12 2.13	5.99	6.09	5.59
(~)	belefied tax habilities (fiet)	2,13	-	-	-
	Current liabilities				
(a)	Financial Liabilities				
	(i) Trade payables (ii) Other financial liabilities	2.14	18.03	32.14	95.28
(b)	Other current liabilities	2.15 2.16	25.57 7.79	18.70 8.16	8.40
	Provisions	2.10	2.60	2.43	4.79 2.42
	Total Facility and 12 1 1991		207.00		
	Total Equity and Liabilities		367.88	334.18	316.91

Significant accounting policies and notes to financial statements form an integral part of Balance Sheet.

As per our attached report of even date

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Mukund Rathi

DIN: 0726018

Director

For G. D. Apte & Co. Chartered Accountants

ICAI Firm Registration No. 100515W

U. S. Abhyankar

Partner

Membership No. 113053

Place: Mumbai

Date: 18th April 2017

Sangameshwar lyer Director

DIN.06946838

Shripad Gaitonde Director

DIN. 06981627

.

Place: Mumbai Date: 18th April 2017

# LAKESHORE WATERSPORTS COMPANY LIMITED

CIN: U74900MH2010PLC200834

# Statement of Profit & Loss for the Year Ended 31st March 2017

(₹ in Lakhs)

			(₹ in Lakhs)
Particulars	Note no	For the Year Ended 31st March 2017	For the Year Ended 31st March 2016
Revenue from Operations Other Income	2.18 2.19	199.19 9.17	240.34 12.94
Total Income		208.36	253.28
EXPENSES			
Operational Expenses Employee Benefit expenses Administrative Expenses Depreciation and amortization expenses	2.20 2.21 2.22 2.01	28.18 53.98 55.44 29.37	31.02 58.89 65.56 31.92
Total Expenses		166.97	187.38
Profit/(Loss) before tax		41.38	65.90
Tax expenses (1) Current tax (2) Deferred tax		- •	- -
Profit (Loss) for the period from continuing operations		41.38	65.90
Profit/(Loss) before tax for the year from discontinued operations		-	-
Tax Income/ (expense) of discontinued operations		-	-
Profit/ (Loss) for the year from discontinued operations		-	<u></u>
Profit/(Loss) for the period		41.38	65.90
Other Comprehensive Income Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss :			
- Re-measurement gains/(losses) on defined benefit plans - Income Tax Effect		(0.16)	0.34 -
Total other Comprehensive Income for the Year, net of tax		(0.16)	0.34
Total Comprehensive Income for the period (Comprising Profit (Loss) and Other Comprehensive Income for the period)		41.22	66.24



(₹ in Lakhs)

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Particulars	Note no	For the Year Ended 31st March 2017	For the Year Ended 31st March 2016
Earning per equity share (For continuing operations ):			
i) Basic (₹ per share) ii) Diluted (₹ per Share)		82.45 25.80	132.48 41.45
Earning per equity share (For discontinued operations ):			
i) Basic (₹ per share) ii) Diluted (₹ per Share)		- -	-
Earning per equity share (For discontinued & continuing operations ):			
i) Basic (₹ per share) ii) Diluted (₹ per Share)		82.45 25.80	132.48 41.45

Significant accounting policies and notes to financial statements form an integral part of the Statement of  $\underline{\underline{Profit}}$  and  $\underline{\underline{Loss}}$  Account.

As per our attached report of even date

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

For G. D. Apte & Co. Chartered Accountants ICAI Firm Registration No. 100515W

U. S. Abhyankar

Partner

Membership No. 113053

Place: Mumbai

Date: 18th April 2017

Sangameshwar lyer Director

DIN.02290842

Mukund Rathi Director

DIN: 07260182

Shripad Gaitonde Director DIN, 06981627

Place: Mumbai

Date: 18th April 2017

CIN: U74900MH2010PLC200834

# Cash Flow Statement for the Year Ended 31st March 2017

(₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	For the Year Ended 31st March 2017	For the Year Ended 31st March 2016
A. CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
- Net profit / (loss) before tax and Exceptional items	41.38	65.90
Adjustment for :		
Add:		
- Other Comprehensive Income	(0.16)	0.34
- Loss on Sale of Asset	-	0.08
- Depreciation	29.37	31.92
<u>Less:</u>		
- Interest on Fixed Deposit (Shown separately as	(6.93)	(5.02)
Investing Activity)	(0.55)	(3132)
Operating Profit before working Capital changes	63.67	93.21
Changes in Working Capital		
- (Increase) / Decrease in Other Non Current Assets	5.55	(5.55)
- (Increase) / Decrease in Trade Receivables	8.31	(4.39)
- (Increase) / Decrease in Other Current Assets	(4.02)	15.70
- Increase / (Decrease) in Trade Payables	(14.11)	(63.14)
- Increase / (Decrease) in Other Financial Liabilities	6.88	10.29
- Increase / (Decrease) in Other Current Liabilities	(0.37)	3.37
- Increase / (Decrease) in Provisions	0.08	0.51
CASH GENERATED FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	65.98	50.00
Direct Taxes Paid	0.12	(0.80)
NET CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	66.09	49.20
B. CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
- Sale of fixed assets	_	(0.08)
- Purchase of fixed assets	(8.66)	(44.09)
- Investment in Bank Deposit	10.90	(19.43)
- Interest Received on Bank Deposit	6.93	5.02
NET CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	9.18	(58.57)
C. CASH FLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
NET CASH FLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES	<u>-</u>	



Particulars	For the Year Ended 31st March 2017	For the Year Ended 31st March 2016
Increase / (Decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	75.27	(9.37)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the year  Cash and cash equivalents at end of the year	41.43 <b>116.70</b>	50.80 <b>41.43</b>

#### Notes

- i) Details of Cash and bank balances are given in note No. 2.05
- ii) Previous year figures have been regrouped/recast wherever necessary.

As per our attached report of even date

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

For G. D. Apte & Co. Chartered Accountants ICAI Firm Registration No. 100515W Sangameshwar lyer Director DIN.02290842

Director DIN: 07260182

Mukund Rathi

U. S. Abhyankar

Partner

Membership No. 113053

Place: Mumbai

Date: 18th April 2017

Shripad Gaitonde

Director

DIN. 06981627

Place: Mumbai

Date: 18th April 2017

# LAKESHORE WATERSPORTS COMPANY LIMITED

CIN: U74900MH2010PLC200834

Statement of Changes in Equity as at March 31st, 2017

## A) Equity Share Capital

	No.s	Rs.
At 1st April 2015	50,000	500,000
Changes in Equity share Capital	-	-
At 31st March 2016	50,000	500,000
Changes in Equity share Capital	- 1	-
At 31st March 2017	50,000	500,000

B) Other Equity

(₹ in Lakhs)

		Reserve a	nd Surplus	Other items of		
Particulars	Equity component of CPS	Securities Premium Reserve	Retained Earnings	Other Comprehensive Income	Total	
Balance as on 1st April 2015	10.98	1,086.98	(902.15)	(0.38)	195.43	
Other Comprehensive Income	-	-	-	0.34	0.34	
Profit (Loss) for the period	-		65.90	· -	65.90	
Total Comprehensive Income for the year	-	-	65.90	0.34	66.24	
Balance as on 31st March 2016	10.98	1,086.98	(836.25)	(0.04)	261.67	
Other Comprehensive Income	-	-	-	(0.16)	(0.16)	
Profit (Loss) for the period	-	_	41.38	-	41.38	
Total Comprehensive Income for the year	-	_	41.38	(0.16)	41.22	
Balance at the end of 31st March 2017	10.98	1,086.98	(794.87)	(0.20)	302.89	

Significant accounting policies and notes to financial statements form an integral part of the Statement of Changes in Equity

As per our attached report of even date

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

For G. D. Apte & Co. Chartered Accountants

ICAI Firm Registration No. 100515W

U. S. Abhyankar

Partner

Membership No. 113053

Place: Mumbai

Date: 18th April 2017

Sangameshwar Iyer

Director

DIN.02290842

Mukund Rathi

Director

DIN: 07260182

Shripad Gaitonde

Director

DIN. 06981627

Place: Mumbai

Date: 18th April 2017

#### A Company Overview

Lakeshore Watersports Company Limited ('the company') is a public limited company incorporated and domiciled in India and having its watersports operations at Lavasa, India. The company was incorporated in 2008 and having its registered office in Mumbai, India. The Company operates as a subsidiary of Lavasa Corporation Limited.

#### B Significant accounting policies

#### 1 Statement of Compliance

The Financial Statements comprising Balance Sheet, Statement of profit and Loss, Statement of changes in Equity, Cash Flow Statement, together with notes for the year ended March 31, 2017 have been prepared in accordance with Ind AS as notified under the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 and Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Amendment Rules, 2016

### 2 Basis of Preparation of Financial Statements

The financial statements are prepared in accordance with Indian Accounting Standard (Ind AS) under the historical cost convention on the accrual basis, the provision of Companies Act, 2013 (to the extend notified). The Ind AS prescribed under section 133 of the Act read with rules 4 of the Companies (Indian Accounting Standard) Rules, 2015 and Companies (India Accounting Standard) Amendment Rules 2016.

The Company has adopted all Ind AS standards and adoption has been carried out in accordance with Ind AS101, First Time Adoption of Indian Accounting Standard. The transition was carried out from Indian Accounting Principles generally accepted in India as prescribed under Sec 133 of the Act, read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 (IGAAP), which was the previous GAAP. Reconciliations and descriptions of the effect of the transition has been summarized in Note 2.32, 2.33 & 2.34.

#### 3 Basis of measurement

The financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost convention and on an accrual basis, except for the following material items that have been measured at fair value as required by relevant and AS:

- i. Certain financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value (refer accounting policy on financial instruments);
- ii. Defined benefit and other long-term employee benefits.

#### 4 Functional and Presentation Currency

Items included in financial statement of the Company are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the Company operates ("the functional currency"). Indian rupee is the functional currency of the Company.

The financial statements are presented in Indian Rupees (₹) which is the Company's presentation currency. All financial information presented in Indian Rupees has been rounded up to the nearest lakhs except where otherwise indicated.

#### 5 First-time adoption of Ind AS

The financial statement for the year ended March 31, 2017 are the first financial statement prepared by the company in accordance with Ind As.

For the periods up to and inclusive of year ended March 31, 2016, the Company prepared its financial statements in accordance with accounting standards specified in section 133 of companies Act 2013 read together with rule 7 of Companies (Accounting Standards) Rules 2014 (Previous GAAP). Reconciliation and description of the effect of transition from previous GAAP to Ind AS on equity , Profit and cash flows are provided in Note No. 2.32, 2.33 & 2.34. The Balance Sheet as on the date of transition has been prepared in accordance with Ind AS 101 first- time Adoption of Indian Accounting Standards.

Ind AS 101 requires that all Ind AS for the first Ind AS Financial Statements, be applied consistently and retrospectively for all fiscal years presented. However this standard provides some exceptions and exemptions to the general this general requirement in specific cases. The application of these exceptions and exemptions are as discussed below:

#### 6 (a) Exceptions to retrospective application of other Ind AS

#### i. Estimates

An entity's estimates in accordance with Ind AS at the date of transition to Ind AS shall be consistent with estimates made for the same date in accordance with previous GAAP (after adjustments to reflect any difference in accounting policies), unless there is an objective evidence that those estimates were in error. The Company has not made any changes to estimates made in accordance with Previous GAAP.

ii. Ind AS 109 - Financial Instruments (Classification and measurement of financial assets) :

Classification and measurement of financial assets shall be made on the basis of the facts and circumstances that exist at the date of transition to Ind AS. The Company has evaluated the facts and circumstances existing on the date of transition to Ind AS for the purpose of classification and measurement of financial assets and accordingly has classified and measured financial assets on the date of transition.



#### 6 (b) Exemptions from retrospective application of Ind AS

i. Ind AS 16 Property, Plant and Equipment/ Ind AS 38 Intangible assets:

An entity may elect to measure an item of property, plant and equipment and Intangible asset at the date of transition to Ind AS at its fair value and use that fair value as deemed cost at that date or may measure the items of Property, plant and equipment, Intangibles by applying Ind AS retrospectively or use the carrying amount under Previous GAAP on the date of transition as deemed cost. The Company has elected to continue with the carrying amount for all of its property, plant and equipment, Intangible assets measured as per Previous GAAP and use that as its deemed cost as at the date of transition.

Decommissioning liabilities included in the cost of property, Plant and Equipment:

Appendix A to Ind AS 16 on Changes in Existing, Decommissioning, Restoration and Similar Liabilities requires specified changes in a decommissioning, restoration or similar liability to be added to or deducted from the cost of the asset to which it relates. The adjusted depreciable amount of the asset is then depreciated prospectively over its remaining useful life. A first time adopter need not comply with these requirements for changes in such liabilities that occurred before the date of transition to Ind AS. The Company has not adjusted changes in liabilities to the cost of assets retrospectively.

#### ii. Ind AS 17 Leases:

An entity shall determine based on facts and circumstances existing at the date of transition to Ind AS whether an arrangement contains a Lease and when a lease includes both land and building elements, an entity shall assess the classification of each element as finance or operating lease. The Company has used this exemption and assessed all arrangements based on conditions existing as at the date of transition.

#### 7 Use of Estimates

The preparations of financial statements in conformity with Ind AS requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, the disclosures of contingent assets and contingent liabilities, at the time of financial statements, income and expenses during the period. Actual results may differ from these estimates. Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized in the period in which the estimates are revised and in future periods which are affected.

Application of accounting policies that require critical accounting estimates and assumption having the most significant effect on the amounts recognised in the financial statements are :

Useful lives of property, plant and equipment Measurement of defined employee benefit obligations Provisions Utilisation of Tax Losses

#### 8 Property, Plant and Equipment

Property, Plant and Equipment are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses if any. Cost comprises the purchase price and any attributable cost of bringing the asset to its working condition for its intended use. Borrowing costs relating to acquisition of fixed assets which takes substantial period of time to get ready for its intended use are also included to the extent they relate to the period till such assets are ready to be put to use.

Depreciation on tangible assets is provided on reducing balance method over the estimated useful lives of the assets on pro-rata basis. The estimated useful lives are as below,

Building: 10 years

Plant & Machinery : 20 years Computers : 6 years Office Equipment : 20 years Furniture & Fixtures : 15 years

For the above classes of assets, based on internal assessment, Management believes that the useful life as given above represents the period over which it expects to use these assets. Hence the useful lives of these assets are different from the useful lives as prescribed under Part C of Schedule II of Companies Act, 2013.

#### 9 Intangible Assets

Intangible assets are valued at cost less accumulated amortisation and impairment loss if any. Intangible assets are amortized over their respective individual estimated useful lives on straight line basis.



#### 10 Financial Instruments

#### a. Financial Assets

Financial assets comprises of investments in the equity and debt securities, trade receivables cash and cash equivalents and other financial assets.

#### Initial recognition:

All financial assets are recognised initially at fair value plus in case of financial assets not are recorded fair value through profit or loss, transaction cost are attributable to the acquisition of financial assets purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within a time frame established by regulation or convention in the market place (regular way trades) are recognised on the trade date, i.e., the date that the Company commits to purchase or sell the assets.

#### Subsequent measurement:

### i. Financial assets measured at amortized cost:

Financial assets held within a business model whose objective is to hold financial assets in order to collect contractual cash flows and contractual terms of financial assets give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding are measured at amortised cost using effective interest rate (EIR) method. The EIR amortisation is recognised at finance income in Statement of Profit and Loss.

The Company while applying above criteria has classified the following at Amortised cost

- a) Trade receivable
- b) Other Financial Assets

# ii. Financial assets at Fair Value through other comprehensive income (FVTOCI):

Financial assets that are held within a business model whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets and the contractual terms of the financial assets give rise on specific dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding are subsequently measured at FVTOCI. Fair value movements in financial assets at FVTOCI are recognised in other comprehensive income.

# iii. Financial asset are measured at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL)

Financial assets are measured at fair value through profit or loss if it does not meet the criteria for classification as measured at amortised cost or at fair value through other comprehensive income. All fair value changes are recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

# De recognition of financial assets

Financial assets are derecognised when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the financial asset expire or the financial asset is transferred and the transfer qualifies for de recognition. On de recognition of a financial asset in its entirety, the difference between the carrying amount (measured at the date of de recognition) and the consideration received (including any new asset obtained less any new liability assumed) shall be recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

#### Impairment of financial assets

Trade receivables, contract assets under Ind AS 109 are tested for impairment based on the expected credit losses for respective financial asset.

#### I. Trade Receivables

An impairment analysis is performed at each reporting date. The expected credit losses over lifetime of the asset are estimated by adopting the simplified approach using a provision matrix which is based on historical loss rates reflecting current condition and forecast of future economic conditions. In this approach assets are grouped on the basis of similar credit characteristics such as industry, customer segment, past due status and other factors which are relevant to estimate the expected cash loss from these assets.

#### II. Other financial assets

Other financial assets are tested for impairment based on significant change in credit risk since initial recognition and impairment is measured based on probability of default over the lifetime when there is a significant increase in credit risk.



#### b. Financial liabilities

#### Initial Recognition and Measurement:

Financial liabilities are initially recognised at fair value plus any transaction cost that are attributable to the acquisition of the financial liabilities except financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss which are initially measured at fair value.

#### Subsequent Measurement:

The financial liabilities are classified for subsequent measurement into following categories-

- At amortised cost
- At fair value through profit or loss
- i. Financial liabilities at amortised cost
- The companies classifying the following under amortised cost;
- a) Trade payables
- b) Other financial liabilities

Amortised cost for financial liabilities represents amount at which financial liability is measured at initial recognition minus the principal repayments, plus or minus the cumulative amortisation using the effective interest method of any difference between that initial amount and the maturity amount.

#### ii. Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss

Financial liabilities held for trading are measured at FVTPL.

#### De recognition of financial liabilities

A financial liability shall be de recognised when, and only when, it is extinguished i.e. when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged or cancelled or expires.

#### c. Offsetting of financial assets and financial liabilities -

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount is presented in Balance Sheet when, and only when, the Company has a legal right to offset the recognised amounts and intends either to settle on a net basis or to realize the assets and settle the liability simultaneously.

### d. Reclassification of Financial Assets -

The company determines classification of financial assets and liabilities on initial recognition. After initial recognition, no re classification is made for financial assets which are categorised as equity instruments at FVTOCI and financial assets of liabilities that are specifically designated at FVTPL. For Financial Assets which are debt instruments, a reclassification is made only if there is a change in the business model for managing those assets. Changes to the business model are expected to be very in frequent. The management determines change in the business model as a result of external or internal changes which are significant to the company's operations. A change in the business model occurs when the company either begins or ceases to perform an activity that is significant to its operations. If the company reclassifies the financial assets, it applies the reclassification prospectively from the reclassification date which is the first day of the immediately next reporting period following the change in business model. The Company does not restate any previously recognised gains, losses (including impairment gains or losses) or interest.

#### 11 Impairment

The Company makes assessment of any indicator that may lead to impairment of the Assets on an annual basis. An asset is treated as impaired when the carrying cost of the asset exceeds its recoverable value, which is higher of net selling price and the value in use. Impairment loss, if any, is charged to profit and loss account in the year in which it is identified as impaired.

#### 12 Taxes on Income

The tax expense comprises of current tax & deferred tax charged or credited to the Statement of Profit and Loss for the year. Current tax is calculated in accordance with the tax laws applicable to the current financial year. The deferred tax charge or credit is recognised using the tax rates and tax laws that have been enacted by the balance sheet date. Where there are unabsorbed depreciation or carry forward losses, deferred tax assets are recognised only if there is virtual certainty of realisation of such assets. Other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent there is reasonable certainty of realisation in future. At each balance sheet date, recognised and unrecognised deferred tax assets are reviewed

#### 13 Revenue Recognition

- i) Revenue is recognised as and when services are rendered.
- ii) Interest income is recognised on time proportionate at basis



#### 14 Employee Benefits

i) Defined Contribution Plans

Company's Contributions paid/payable during the year to Provident Fund and Labour Welfare Fund are recognized in the Profit and Loss Account.

### ii) Defined Benefit Plan & Other long term benefits

Company's liabilities towards gratuity and leave encashment are determined using the projected unit credit method which considers each period of service as giving rise to an additional unit of benefit entitlement and measures each unit separately to build up the final obligation. Actuarial gain and losses are recognized immediately in the statement of Profit and Loss Account as income or expenses. Obligation is measured at the present value of estimated future cash flows using a discounted rate that determined by reference to market yields at the Balance Sheet date on Government bonds where the currency and terms of the Government bonds are consistent with the currency and estimated terms of the defined benefit obligation.

Short-term employee benefits such as salaries, wages, short term compensated absences, performance incentives etc. and expected cost of bonus are recognised as expenses at the undiscounted amounts in the Statement of Profit and Loss of the year in which the related service is rendered.

#### 15 Borrowing Costs

Borrowing costs (less any income on the temporary investments of those borrowings) attributable to qualifying assets are capitalised. Other borrowing costs are charged to profit and Loss account.

#### 16 Contingencies / Provisions

A provisions are recognised when the Company has a present obligation as a result of a past event and it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

Contingent liabilities are not provided for unless a reliable estimate of probable outflow to the Company exists as at the Balance Sheet date. Contingent assets are neither recognised nor disclosed in the financial statements.

#### 17 Earning Per Share

Basic earning per share is calculated by dividing the net profit or loss for the year attributable to the equity shareholders (after deducting preference dividends and attributable taxes, if any) by the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the year. For the purpose of calculating diluted earning per share, net profit & loss for the year attributable to equity shareholders and weighted number of shares outstanding during the year are adjusted for the effects of all dilutive potential equity shares.

#### 18 Foreign Currency Transactions

Foreign currency transactions during the year are accounted at the prevailing rate on the date of transaction. Current assets and current liabilities are translated at the exchange rate prevailing on the last day of the year. Gains or losses arising out of remittance/ translations at the year end are credited/ debited to the profit and loss account for the year.

#### 19 Lease

Where the Company is the lessee and the lessor effectively retains substantially all the risks and benefits of ownership of the leased term, are classified as operating leases. Operating lease payments are recognized as an expense in the Profit and Loss account on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

#### 20 Segmental Reporting

The Company's operation is considered under one segment "Adventure Sports" for internal reporting. Therefore, the Company's business does not fall under different operational segments as defined by Ind AS 108 - "Operating Segments" referred to in Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013.

#### C Recent accounting pronouncements

### 1 Standards issued but not yet effective

In March 2017, the Ministry of Corporate Affairs issued the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) (Amendments) Rules, 2017, notifying amendments to Ind AS 7, 'Statement of cash flows' and Ind AS 102, 'Share-based payment.' These amendments are in accordance with the recent amendments made by International Accounting Standards Board (IASB) to IAS 7, 'Statement of cash flows' and IFRS 2, 'Share-based payment,' respectively. The amendments are applicable to the Company from 1 April 2017.

#### 2 Amendment to Ind AS 7

The amendment to Ind AS 7 requires the entities to provide disclosures that enable users of financial statements to evaluate changes in liabilities arising from financing activities, including both changes arising from cash flows and non-cash changes, suggesting inclusion of a reconciliation between the opening and closing balances in the balance sheet for liabilities arising from financing activities, to meet the disclosure requirement. The Company is evaluating the requirements of the amendment and the effect on the financial statements is being evaluated.



# Notes to and forming part of the financial statements as at and for the year ended 31st March 2017

				(₹ in Lakhs)
		As at 31st March 2017	As at 31st March 2016	As at 1st April 2015
2.02	Other Financial Assets		•	
	Deposits	0.94	0.94	0.94
		0.94	0.94	0.94
2.03	Other Non Current Assets			
	Amounts Recoverable In Cash or Kind (Prepaid Expenses)	•	5.55	-
			5.55	-
2.04	Trade Receivables (Unsecured, considered good)			
	(i) Outstanding over Six Months from the date they became due	-	6.85	3.65
	- Considered good	-	-	-
	- Considered doubtful (ii) Outstanding Less than Six Months	0.18	2.61	1.42
	(ii) Odistanding Less than SIX Months	1.16	2.61	1.42
	Long . Allevenes for doubtful month of the	1.34	9.46	5.07
	Less : - Allowance for doubtful receivables	(0.18)	9.46	5.07
	•			
2.05	Cash and Cash Equivalent (i) Balances With Banks in Current Accounts	38.92	41.13	50.22
	(ii) Cheque On Hand	0.37	41,13	50.22
	(iii) Cash On Hand	0.26	0.30	0.58
	<ul><li>(iv) Fixed deposits with Bank (Maturity Less than 3 months)</li></ul>	77.15	-	-
		116.70	41.43	50.80
2.06	Other Bank Balances			
2.00	(a) Fixed deposits with Bank held against Bank Guarantee (Maturity within 12 months)	63.45	59.23	54.92
	(b) Fixed deposits with Bank			
	Deposit having original maturity exceeding 3 months but due for realization within 12 months		15.12	_
	of the reporting date.			
		63.45	74.36	54.92
2.07	Other Financial Asset			
	(a) Deposits	4.84	4.84	4.84
		4.84	4.84	4.84
2.00	Comment Ton Association (M. 1)			
2.08	Current Tax Assets (Net) Advance Payment of Taxes	1.16	1.28	0.48
		1.16	1.28	0.48
2.09	Other Current Assets			
2.03	Advances to Suppliers	-	1.40	16.76
	Amounts Recoverable In Cash Or Kind - Prepaid Expenses	5.52	0.13	0.89
	Balances with tax authorities	0.45	0.41	-
		<u> </u>	1.05	17.65
		5.97	1.95	17.65



				(₹in Lakhs)
<u> </u>		As at 31st March 2017	As at 31st March 2016	As at 1st April 2015
	Other Equity Preference Share Capital			,
(a)	Authorised			
	1,10,000 (Previous Year 1,10,000) 0.001% Convertible Preference Shares of $\stackrel{?}{\scriptstyle <}$ 10/- each	11.00	11.00	11.00
	Total	11.00	11.00	11.00
٠	Issued, Subscribed And Paid Up Share Capital			
	Convertible Preference Share Capital classified as Equity			
	1,09,796, 0.001% Convertible Preference Shares (Previous Year 1,09,796) of ₹ 10/- each	10.98	10.98	10.98
	a) Each convertible preference share will be entitled for conversion into one equity share of $\ref{thm:prop}$ 10/- each.			
	b) Above preference shares will be redeemed in 4 equal instalments on 14/02/2021, 14/02/2022, 14/02/2023 and 14/02/2024.			
	c) Company has option to redeem the preference shares on the date of conversion. In the event, the Company opts for such redemption then the convertible preference shares eligible for conversion on each of the conversion dates will be redeemed at $\overline{\epsilon}$ 10/- each together with premium of $\overline{\epsilon}$ 990/- per share.			
	Total -	10.98	10.98	10.98

# b) Reconciliation of Preference shares outstanding at the beginning and at the end of the period

0.001% Convertible Preference Shares	As at March	31st, 2017	As at March 31st, 2016		As at March 31st, 2016 As at April 1st, 2015		1st, 2015
	No of shares	₹ In Lakhs	No of shares	₹In Lakhs	No of shares	₹ In Lakhs	
At the beginning of the period / year	109,796	10.98	109,796	10.98	109,796	10.98	
Shares issued during the yearfor cash	-	-	-		-	-	
At the end of the period / year	109,796	10.98	109,796	10.98	109,796	10.98	

# c) Details of shareholders holding more than 5% of shares of the Company and shares held by holding & ultimate holding Company.

0.001% Convertible Preference Shares	As at 31st March 2017		As at 31st March 2016		As at 1st April 2015	
	No of shares	% holding	No of shares	% holding	No of shares	% holding
Holding Company - Lavasa Corporation Limited	109,796	100%	109,796	100%	109.796	100%

# d) Rights & restriction attached to Preference shareholders

Dividend on cumulative redeemable preference shares proposed by Board of Directors is subject to approval of the shareholders in the Annual General Meeting. Each holder of preference share is entitled to one vote per share only on resolutions placed before the Company which directly affects the rights attached to preference shares. Cumulative preference shareholders are entitled to vote on every resolution if preference dividend remains unpaid for 2 years.



# Notes to and forming part of the financial statements as at and for the year ended 31st March 2017

			<del> </del>	(₹ in Lakhs)
		As at 31st March 2017	As at 31st March 2016	As at 1st April 2015
B)	Reserves and Surplus			,
	(a) Securities Premium Reserve;			
	Opening Balance	1,086.98	1,086.98	1,086.98
	Add : Addition during the year		-	
	Closing Balance	1,086.98	1,086.98	1,086.98
	(b) Surplus/(Deficit) as per the statement of profit & loss			
	Balance brought forward from last year	(836.25)	(902.15)	(848.98
	Add: Profit/ (Loss) for the year	41.38	65.90	(53.17
	Net Surplus/(deficit)	(794.87)	(836.25)	(902.15
	(c) Other Comprehensive Income			
	Balance brought forward from last year	(0.04)	(0.38)	-
	Add: Profit/ (Loss) for the year	(0.16)	0.34	(0.38
	Net Surplus/(deficit)	(0.20)	(0.04)	(0.38
	Total	291.91	250.69	184.45
	Total (A+B)	302.89	261.67	195.43
2.12	Long Term Provisions			
	Provision For Employee Benefits			
	Leave Encashment and Sick Leave	2.04	2.64	2,47
	Gratuity	3.96	3.44	3.12
		E 00	6.00	
	•	5.99_	6.09	5.59
2.13	Deferred tax liabilities (net)			
Α	Deferred Tax Liabilities			
	Property, plant & Equipment	7.53	7.35	5.77
	Total	7.53	7.35	5.77
	. Octor			3.77
В	Deferred Tax Assets			
	Provision for Gratuity	1.30	1.13	1.02
	Provision for Leave Encashment	1.36	1.50	1.4
	Provision for Impairment of Doubtful Trade receivables	0.06	-	-
	Profession Tax Payable	0.01	0.01	0.01
	Carried Forward Tax losses	4.81	4.71	3.29
	Total	7.53	7.35	5.77
	Net Defended Too Calability (A. T.)			
	Net Deferred Tax Liabilities (A-B)			-

(Refer note no.2.36)



# Notes to and forming part of the financial statements as at and for the year ended 31st March 2017

<del></del>				(₹ in Lakhs)
		As at 31st March 2017	As at 31st March 2016	As at 1st April 2015
	Current liabilities Financial Liabilities			· •
2.14	Trade Payables Trade payables Micro small & medium Enterprises Trade payables to related parties	4.81 2.56 10.66 18.03	4.10 2.84 25.20 32.14	3.35 91.94 95.28
2.15	Other Financial Liabilities (Current) (a) Deposits (b) Retention Deposit Payables (c) Other Payables (ii) Other creditors (iii) Creditors Expenses Payable - Inter Company (iii) Creditors for Expenses	0.20 0.64 1.38 23.36	0.20 0.64 2.66 - 15.19	0.75 0.88 6.78
2,16	Other Current Liabilities (a) Statutory dues payable (b) Employee benefits payable	3.55 4.24 7.79	3.81 4.34 8.16	1.16 3.63 4.79
2.17	Short Term Provisions Provision For Employee Benefits Leave Encashment And Sick Leave Gratuity	2.35 0.25 2.60	2.20 0.23 2.43	2.23 0.19 2.42



				,
÷ ,		As at 31st March 2017	As at 31st March 2016	As at 1st April 2015
2.10	Share Capital			
A)	Authorised			
	2,00,000 (Previous Year 2,00,000) Equity Shares of ₹ 10/- each	20.00	20.00	20.00
		20.00	20.00	20.00
	Issued, Subscribed And Paid Up Share Capital Equity Share Capital			
	50,000 (Previous Year 50,000) Equity Shares of ₹ 10/- each Fully Paid Up	5.00	5.00	5.00
		5.00	5.00	5.00

# B) Reconciliation of Equity shares outstanding at the beginning and at the end of the period

<u>Equity Shares</u>	As at March	As at March 31st, 2017 As at March 31st, 2016		As at April 1st, 2015		
·	No of shares	₹ In Lakhs	No of shares	₹ In Lakhs	No of shares	₹ In Lakhs
At the beginning of the period / year	50,000	5.00	50,000	5.00	50,000	5.00
Shares issued during the year for cash	-		-			
At the end of the period / year	50,000	5.00	50,000	5.00	50,000	5.00

# C) Details of shareholders holding more than 5% of shares of the Company and shares held by holding & ultimate holding Company.

Equity Shares of ₹ 10 each fully	As at Ma 20			arch 31st, 016	As at Apri	l 1st, 2015
paid	No of shares	% holding	No of shares	% holding	No of shares	% holding
Holding Company - Lavasa Corporation Limited	50,000	100%	50,000	100%	50,000	100%

# D) Details of Allotment of Shares for consideration other than cash, allotments of Bonus Shares and Shares bought back:

Particulars	Financial Year (Aggregate No. of Shares)							
raichuidis	2016-17	2015-16	2014-15	2013-14	2012-13			
Equity Shares :		·						
Fully paid up byway of bonus shares	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NiL			
Allotted pursuant to contract(s) without payment being received in cash	NIL	MIL	NIL	NIL	NIL			
Shares Bought Back	NIL	NiL	NIL	NIL	NIL			

### E) Rights & restriction attached to equity shareholders

The Company has only one class of equity shares having face value of ₹10/- each. Every holder of equity shares is entitled to one vote per share.In the event of liquidation of the Company, the holders of equity shares will be entitled to receive any of the remaining assets of the company. Any dividend proposed by the Borad of Directors is subject to the apportal of shareholders in the ensuring Annual General Meeting



#### LAKESHORE WATERSPORTS COMPANY LIMITED

2.01 Fixed Assets

(₹ in Lakhs)

Fixed Assets			Tangible /	Assets				Intangible Assets	(₹ in Lakhs)
Particulars	Building and sheds	Plant & Machineries	Office Equipments	Furniture and fixtures	Computers	Total	Computer software	Trademarks & Designs	Total
Gross Carrying Value as of 1st April 2015	55.68	380.36	3.51	11.32	3.48	454.35	1.23	0.14	1.37
Additions	-	43.35	0.20	-	0.62	44.16	-	-	-
Deductions/ disposals	-	-	0.13	-	-	0.13	-	-	-
Gross Carrying Value as of 31st March 2016	55.68	423.71	3.58	11.32	4.10	498.39	1.23	0.14	1.37
Additions	-	6.57	0.92	-	0.43	7.92	0.74	-	0.74
Deductions/ disposals	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Gross Carrying Value as of 31st March 2017	55.68	430.28	4.50	11.32	4.53	506.30	1.97	0.14	2.11
Accumulated Depreciation as of 1st April 2015	43.59	218.48	1.32	6.33	2.95	272.67	0.75	0.09	0.84
Depreciation/ amortisation charge for the period	3.13	26.88	0.31	0.90	0.44	31.66	0.25	0.01	0.26
Accumulated depreciation/ amortisation on disposals	-	-	0.05	-	-	0.05	-	-	-
Accumulated Depreciation as of 31st March 2016	46.72	245.35	1.58	7.23	3.39	304.28	1.00	0.10	1.10
Depreciation/ amortisation charge for the period	2.32	25.14	0.44	0.74	0.36	29.00	0.36	0.01	0.37
Accumulated depreciation/ amortisation on disposals	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Accumulated Depreciation as of 31st March 2017	49.04	270.49	2.02	7.97	3.75	333.28	1.36	0.11	1.47
As at 1st April 2015 - Fixed Assets	12.08	161.89	2.19	4.99	0.53	181.68	0.48	0.05	0.53
As at 31st March 2016 - Fixed Assets	8.96	178.36	2.00	4.09	0.71	194.11	0.23	0.04	0.27
As at 31st March 2017 - Fixed Assets	6.64	159.78	2.48	3.35	0.78	173.02	0.62	0.02	0.64

	For the Year Ended 31st March 2017	For the Year Ended 31st March 2016
2.18 Revenue from Operations		
Income From Watersports Activity	199.19	240.34
	199.19	240.34
2.19 Other Income		
Interest on Fixed Deposits	6.93	5.02
Miscellaneous Income	2.24	7.92
	9.17	12.94
2.20 Operational Expenses		
Fuel Consumption	15.78	10.63
Spares Consumed & Others	12.39	18.63 12.38
	28.18	31.02
2.21 Employee Benefit Expenses		
Salaries and wages	50.22	54.25
Contribution / provisions to and for provident, Gratuity and other funds	2.75	2.83
Staff welfare expenses	1.01	1.83
	53.98	58.89
2.22 Administrative Expenses		
Office & Other General Expenses	29.54	40.34
Provision for Impairment of Doubtful Trade receivables	0.18	40.54
Professional & Consultation Charges	2.50	4.34
Insurance	9.34	6.80
Selling and Marketing Expenses	-	0.23
Rent	10.72	9.70
Rates & Taxes	0.22	0.5
Repairs & Maintenance Loss on Sale of Asset	1.11	3.03 0.08
Payment to Auditor		0.00
for Statutory Audit	0.00	
for Other Services	0.60	0.40
Bank Charges	0.05 1.18	0.0! 0.0:
	55.44	65.5



## 2.23 Contingent Liability

a)

 Particulars
 31st March 2017
 31st March 2016

 Guarantee given to Government Bodies
 45.73
 45.73

b) Estimated amount of contracts remaining to be executed on Capital account and not provided for (net of advances)- ₹.1.14 Lakhs. (Previous year ₹ 0.94 Lakhs).

### 2.24 Related Party Disclosure

i) Particulars of Related Parties, which control or are under common control with the Company :

Particulars of Related Parties, which control or are under common control wi
A) Holding Company & Ultimate Holding Company
Hindustan Construction Company Limited (HCC) - Ultimate Holding Company
HCC Real Estate Limited (HREL)- Parent Company of Holding Company
Lavasa Corporation Limited- Holding Company
B) Fellow Subsidiaries
Dasve Business Hotel Limited
Dasve Hospitality Institutes Limited
Dasve Retail Limited
Dasve Convention Center Limited
Full Spectrum Adventure Limited
Future City Multiservices Sez Limited
Hill City Service Apartments Limited
Hill View Parking Services Limited
Kart Racers Limited
Lakeview Clubs Limited
Lavasa Bamboocrafts Limited
Lavasa Hotel Limited
Mugaon Luxury Hotels Limited
My City Technology Limited
Nature Lovers Retail Limited
Our Home Service Apartments Limited
Reasonable Housing Limited
Rhapsody Commercial Space Limited
Rosebay Hotels Limited
Sahyadri City Management Limited
Valley View Entertainment Limited
Verzon Hospitality Limited
Warasgaon Assets Maintenance Limited
Warasgaon Infrastructure Providers Limited
Warasgaon Power Supply Limited
Warasgaon Tourism Limited
Warasgaon Valley Hotels Limited
Training of Training
C) Subsidiaries of Ultimate Holding Company
Charosa Wineries Limited
HRL (Thane) Real Estate Limited
HRL Township Developers Limited
Nashik Township Developers Limited
Maan Township Developers Limited
Powai Real Estate Developers Limited
HCC Realty Limited
HCC Aviation Limited
Panchkutir Developers Limited
Steiner India Ltd
Western Securities Limited
Highbar Technologies Limited
HCC Concession Ltd
Pune Paud Toll Road Company Limited
one rada for road company content



D) Other Related Parties
Associates:
Knowledge Vistas Limited
Joint Ventures:
Andromeda Hotels Limited
Green Hills Residences Limited
Spotless Laundry Services Limited
Whistling Thrush Facilities Services Limited
Ecomotel Hotel Limited
Starlit Resort Limited
Bona Sera Hotels Limited
Apollo Lavasa Health Corporation Limited

# ii) Transactions with Related Parties during

Nature of Transactions	Parent (	Company	Fellow Sul	bsidiaries	Other Rela	(₹ In Lakhs) ted Parties
	31st March 2017	31st March 2016	31st March 2017	31st March 2016	31st March 2017	31st March 2016
Project and Other Services Received						
Lavasa Corporation Limited	1.84	14.19		-	-	_
Reasonable Housing Limited	-	-	1.70	2.03	-	_
Sahyadri City Management Limited	-	-	0.80	0.97	-	_
My City Technology Limited	-	-	0.45	-	-	_
Apollo Lavasa Health Corporation Limited	-	-		-	0.08	_
Whistling Thrush Facilities Services Limited	-	-			-	2.81
Starlit Resorts Limited	-	-	_	_	-	0.11
Spotless Laundry Services Limited	-	-	-	_	0.01	0.06
Ecomotel Hotel Limited	-	-	_	-	0.11	0.39
Income for Services Rendered						
Lavasa Corporation Limited	0.73	5.63	_	_	_	_
Lavasa Hotel Limited	-	-	0.11	0.90	_	_
Dasve Convention Center Limited	-	-	0.20	0.18	_	_
Warasgaon Tourism Limited	-	-	_	0.86	_	_
Hindustan Construction Company Limited	-	-		-	_	0.25
HCC Concessions Limited	-	-	_	_	0.04	
Starlit Resorts Limited	-	-	_	-	0.03	_
Ecomotel Hotel Limited	-	_	_	_	0.04	0.37
Included in Loans & Advances			-			3.37
Lavasa Corporation Limited	0.36	0.36	_		_	_
Reasonable Housing Limited	=	-	0.84	0.84	_	_
Included in Trade Receivables						·
Lavasa Corporation Limited	_	7.79	_	_	-	_
Lavasa Hotel Limited		-	_	0.58	_	_
Lakeview Clubs Limited	-	-	0.18	0.18	-	_
Warasgaon Tourism Limited	-	-	_	0.13	-	_
Hindustan Construction Company Limited	_	-	_	-	_	0.03
HCC Infrastructure Limited	-	_	_	-	_	0.02
Ecomotel Hotel Limited	-	-	_		_	0.02
Included in Trade Payables						0.02
Lavasa Corporation Limited	10.02	24.94	_	-	_	_
Reasonable Housing Limited	-	]	0.38	0.01	_	<u>.</u>
Sahyadri City Management Limited	-	-	0.10	0.10	_	_
My City Technology Limited	-	-	0.12	-	_	]
Lakeview Clubs Limited	-	_	0.04	0.04	_	_
Spotless Laundry Services Limited	-	_	-	-	0.00	_
Starlit Resorts Limited	_	_	_	_	- 0.00	0.11
Equity Share Capital Outstanding at face						0.11
value						
Lavasa Corporation Limited	5.00	5.00	<del>-</del>	-	-	
Convertible Preference Share Capital						
Outstanding at face value Lavasa Corporation Limited	10.00	10.00				
Lavasa Corporation Entitled	10.98	10.98	-	-		-



# 2.25 Earnings Per Share:

		(₹ In Lakhs)
Particulars	31st March 2017	31st March 2016
Profit/(Loss) after taxation as per statement of profit and loss (₹ in Lakhs)	41.22	66.24
Less: Preference Dividend on cumulative preference shares incl distribution tax	0.00	0.00
Net Profit / (Loss) after preference dividend	41.22	66.24
Weighted Average number of Equity Shares (for Basic EPS)	50,000	50,000
Earning Per Share (Basic) (in Rupees)	82.45	132.48
Weighted Average number of Equity Shares (for Diluted EPS)	159,796	159,796
Earning Per Share (Diluted) (in Rupees)	25.80	41.45

# 2.26 Financial Instruments By Category

The carrying value and the fair value of financial instruments by each category as at March 31, 2017 :

					(₹ In Lakhs)
Particulars	Financial assets / liabilities at amortised costs	Financial assets / liabilities at FVTPL	Financial assets/ liabilities at FVTOCI	Total carrying value	Total fair Value
Assets					
Trade receivables	1.16	-		1.16	1.16
Cash and Cash Equivalents and other bank balances	116.70	-	<u> </u>	116.70	116.70
Other Bank Balance	63.45			63,45	63.45
Other Financial Assets	4.84	-	*	4.84	4.84
Liabilities					
Trade Payables	18.03			18.03	18.03
Other Financial Liabilities	25.57	_	-	25.57	25.57

The carrying value and the fair value of financial instruments by each category as at March 31, 2016:

					(₹ In Lakhs)
Particulars	Financial assets / liabilities at amortised costs	Financial assets / liabilities at FVTPL	Financial assets/ liabilities at FVTOCI	Total carrying value	Total fair Value
Assets					
Trade receivables	9.46			9.46	9.46
Cash and Cash Equivalents and other bank balances	41.43	_	-	41.43	41.43
Other Bank Balance	74.36	-		74.36	74,36
Other Financial Assets	4.84	<u>-</u>	-	4.84	4.84
Liabilities					
Trade Payables	32.14			32.14	32.14
Other Financial Liabilities	18.70	-	-	18.70	18.70



# 2.27 Interest Income / (Expenses), Gains / (Losses) recognized on financial assets and liabilities

(₹ In Lakhs)

		(K in Lakns)
Particulars	Year Ended March 31, 2017	Year Ended March 31, 2016
Financial Assets at amortised cost		,
Interest income on bank deposits	6.93	5.02
Interest income on other financial assets	0.55	3.02
Impairment on trade receivables	0.18	
Gain / losses on financial assets		-
Table		
Total	7.11	5.02

# 2.28 Exposure to credit risk

The Gross carrying amount of financial assets, net of any impairment losses recognised represents the maximum credit exposure. The maximum exposure to credit risk as at March 31, 2016 and 2015 was as follows:

		(₹ In Lakhs)
Particulars	As at March 31, 2017	As at March 31, 2016
Trade Receivables (Net of Provisions)	1.16	9.46
Cash and Cash Equivalents and other bank balances	116.70	41.43
Other Bank Balances	63.45	74.36
Other Financial Assets	5.78	5.78
Total	187.09	131.03

# 2.29 Financial assets that are past due but not impaired:

There is no other class of financial assets that is past due but not impaired other than trade receivables. The age analysis of trade receivables have been considered from the date of invoice. The aging of trade receivables, net of allowances, that are past due, is given below

	(₹ In Lak				
Period (in days)	As at March 31, 2017	As at March 31, 2016			
0-30 days past due	1.04	0.87			
31-1 year past due	0.12	6.33			
1-3 year past due		2,26			
More than 3 years past due	_	2.20			
Total	1.16	9.46			

# Financial assets that are neither past due nor impaired

		(₹ In Lakhs)
Particulars	As at March 31, 2017	As at March 31, 2016
Cash and Cash Equivalents and other bank balances	180.15	115.79
Other financial assets	5.78	5.78



#### 2.30 Liquidity Risks

Liquidity risk is the risk that the company will encounter difficulty in meeting the obligations associated with its financial liabilities that are settled by delivering cash or another financial asset. The company's approach for managing liquidity is to ensure as far as possible that it will always have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when due, under normal and stressed conditions, without incurring unacceptable losses or risking damages to the company's reputation. Typically the company ensures that it has sufficient cash on demand to meet expected operational expenses, servicing of financial obligations.

Maturity Analysis of financial instruments

#### As At March 31, 2017

		•				(₹ in Lakhs)
Particulars	Carrying amount		flow			
		0-12 Months	1-3 years	3-5 years	Above 5 years	Total
Trade payables	18.03	18.03	_	-		18.03
Other Financial Liabilities	25.57	25.57		-	-	25.57

#### As At March 31, 2016

						(₹ In Lakhs)
Particulars	Carrying amount	Contractual Cash flow				
,		0-12 Months	1-3 years	3-5 years	Above 5 years	Total
Trade payables	32.14	32.14	-	-	-	32.14
Other Financial Liabilities including guarantee contracts	18.70	18.70		-	-	18.70

#### 2.31 Interest Rate Risk:

Interest rate risk is the risk that an upward movement in interest rates would adversely affect the borrowing costs of the Company The Interest rate profile of the company's Interest bearing financial instruments were as follows:

		(₹ In Lakhs)
·	Carrying	amount
Particulars	As at March 31, 2017	As at March 31, 2016
Fixed rate instruments		52/2020
Financial assets		
- Fixed Deposits with Banks	140.60	89.48

# Fair value sensitivity for fixed rate instruments

The company does not account for any fixed rate financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit or loss. Therefore a change in interest rates at the reporting date would not affect profit and loss



# 2.32 Reconciliation of Equity from Previous GAAP to Ind AS as at April 1, 2015 and March 31, 2016

 (₹ In Lakhs)

 Particulars
 As at April 1, 2015
 March 31, 2016

 Equity as per Previous GAAP
 71.24
 46.22

 Equity as per IND AS
 71.24
 46.22

# 2.33 Reconciliation of Net profit from Previous GAAP to Ind AS for the year ended March 31, 2016

	(₹ III Lakiis)
Particulars	March 31, 2016
Net profit as per Previous GAAP	66.24
Add / (Less): Ind A5 Adjustments	
Re-measurement (gains)/losses on defined benefit plans	(0.34)
Net profit as per Ind AS	65.90

# 2.34 Reconciliation of material items of Statement of Cashflows for the year ended March 31, 2016 as per IND AS with Previous GAAP As at March 31, 2016

(₹ In Lakhs)

	,		(1 = 45)
Particulars	As per IND AS	As per pervious GAAP	Increase/ (Decrease)
Cash generated from operations	49.20	49.20	_
Net cash used in investing activities	(58.57)	(58.57)	
Net cash used in financing activities	-	- ,	-
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	50.80	50.80	-
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	41.43	41.43	-

# 2.35 Reconciliation of material items of Balance Sheet as per IND AS with Previous GAAP As at April 1, 2015

(₹ In Lakhs)

	<del>,</del>	(₹ In Lakhs)	
Particulars	As per IND AS	As per pervious GAAP	Increase/ (Decrease)
Assets			
Property, Plant and Equipment	181,68	181.68	-
Intangible Assets	0.53	0.53	<del></del>
Other Financial assets	0.94	0.94	
Other Non Current Assets	-	-	-
Trade Receivable	5.07	5.07	<del></del>
Cash and Cash Equivalent	50.80	50.80	
Other Bank Balances	54.92	54,92	_
Other Financial assets	4.84	-	4.84
Current tax assets (net)	0.48	-	0,48
Other current assets	17.65	22.97	(5.32)
Liabilities			
Equity Share capital	5.00	5.00	
Other Equity	195.43	195.43	_
Provisions (Non Current)	5.59	5.59	-
Deferred tax liabilities (net)	-	- 1	-
Trade payables	95.28	102.94	(7.66)
Other financial liabilities	8.40		8.40
Other current liabilities	4.79	5.54	(0.75)
Provisions	2.42	2.42	- (-:/



(₹ In Lakhs)

			(X III EUKIIS)
Particulars	As per IND AS	As per pervious GAAP	Increase/ (Decrease)
Assets			*******
Property, Plant and Equipment	194.11	194,11	0.00
Intangible Assets	0.27	0.27	-
Other Financial assets	0.94	-	0.94
Other Non Current Assets	5.55	6.49	(0.94)
Trade Receivable	9.46	9.46	- (0.0.1)
Cash and Cash Equivalent	41.43	41.43	_
Other Bank Balances	74.36	74.36	
Other Financial assets	4.84	-	4.84
Current tax assets (net)	1.28	-	1.28
Other current assets	1.95	8.06	(6.12)
Liabilities			
Equity Share capital	5.00	5.00	
Other Equity	261.67	261.67	(0.00)
Provisions	6.09	6.09	- (0.00)
Deferred tax liabilities (net)	-	-	<del></del> ·
Trade payables	32.14	47.33	(15.19)
Other financial liabilities	18.70	-	18.70
Other current liabilities	8.16	11.67	(3.51)
Provisions	2.43	2,43	(0.0-)

# 2.37 DEFERRED TAX ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

# a) Movement in temporary differences during current and previous year

Particulars	Property, Plant & equipment	Intangible Assets	Tax loss carry forward	Liability u/s 43B
Balance as at April 1, 2015	(5.77)	-	3.29	2.48
Recognised in income statement	(1.58)	-	1,43	0.26
Recognised in OCI	-			(0.11)
Recognised in Equity	-	·		(0.11)
Balance as at March 31, 2016	(7.35)	-	4.71	2.64
Recognised in income statement	(0.18)	-	0.10	(0.08)
Recognised in OCI			- 0.10	0.16
Recognised in Equity		-		
Balance as at March 31, 2017	(7.53)	-	4.81	2.72

b) Unrecognised deferred tax asset

(₹ in lakhe)

			(111 10KHS)		
Particulars	As at 31st March 2017	As at 31st March 2016	As at 1st April 2015		
Deductible temporary differences		-	-		
Unrecognised tax losses	241.78	. 254.57	275.58		
Total ,	241.78	254.57	275.58		

Considering the probability of future taxable profits in the period in which tax losses expire, deferred tax assets have not been recognized in respect of tax losses carried forward by the Company. Of the above, some tax losses expire at various dates.

		(₹ in lakhs)
Income Tax Expenses recognised in P&L	As at March 2017	As at March 2016
Current tax expenses /(Reversal)	-	-
Deferred Tax expense		-
Origination and reversal of Temporary difference	(0.10)	(1.43)
Reversal of previously recognised losses/ temporary differences	0.10	1.43
	-	-



# d) Reconciliation of effective tax rates

A reconciliation of the income tax provision to the amount computed by applying the statutory income tax rate to the income before taxes is summarised below:

·- ·	
(₹ın	lakhs)

		(X III lakiis)
Particulars	As at March 2017	As at March 2016
Profit Before Tax	41.38	65.90
Enacted tax rates in India	30.90%	30.90%
Expected Tax Expense / (Benefit)	12.79	20.36
Effect of :		
Other expenses not deductible for tax purposes		0.07
Unrecognised deferred tax assets/ liabilities on temporary differences	(12.79)	(20.90)
Expenses/ Income not taxable	-	-
Recognition of previously unrecognized tax losses	-	0.47
Total	-	

#### 2.38 Employee Benefits

A Defined Benefit Plans / Long Term Compensated Absences – As per Actuarial Valuation on March 31, 2017

Particulars	Gratuity		(₹ In Lakhs) Leave Encashment & Sick Leave	
	Unfu	ınded	Unfunded	
	31st March 2017	31st March 2016	31st March 2017	31st March 2016
Change in benefit obligations				
Defined Benefit Obligation at beginning of the period	3.67	3.31	4.84	4.69
Current Service Cost	0.61	0.62	0.92	0.94
Interest Expenses	0.27	0.25	0.34	0.34
Curtailment gain	-		-	
Transfer of obligation	-	_	-	
Benefits paid	(0.51)	(0.17)	(1.11)	(0.55)
Remeasurements - Actuarial ( Gains ) / Losses	0.16	(0.34)	(0.61)	(0.58)
Defined Benefit Obligation at the end of the period	4.21	3.67	4.39	4.84
Recongnised in the statement of profit and loss under employee benefit expenses				
Current Service Cost	0.61	0.62	0.92	0.94
Net Interest on the net defined benefit liability / asset	0.27	0.25	0.34	0.34
Curtailment gain	-	-	-	-
Net periodic benefit cost recognised in the statement of profit & loss at the end of period	0.88	0.87	1.26	1.28
Remeasurements of the net defined benefit liability / (asset)				
Actuarial (gains) / losses	0.16	(0.34)	(0.61)	(0.58)
	0.16	(0.34)		(0.58)
Actuarial Assumptions:				<u> </u>
Discount Rate	7.70%	8.00%	7.70%	8.00%
Rate of increase of compensation levels	7.50%	7.50%	7.50%	7.50%
Expected average remaining working lives of employees	13.00 years	13.29 years	13.00 years	13.29 years
Mortality Table	IALM (2006-	IALM (2006-08)	IALM (2006-	IALM (2006-
i willing Tubic	08) (ultimate)	(ultimate)	OOL (ultimate)	00) (

The estimates of future salary increases, considered in actuarial valuation, take account of inflation, seniority, promotion

and other relevant factors, such as supply and demand in the employment market. The attrition rate varies from 2% to 8% (previous year 2% to 8%) for various age groups.

08) (ultimate) (ultimate)



08) (ultimate) 08) (ultimate)

# Remeasurement of the net defined benefit liability recognised in other comprehensive income

Particulars	March 31, 2017	March 31, 2016
Amount recognised in other comprehensive income for the year ending March 31, 2017 and March 31, 2016		
Remeasurement (gain)/loss arising from	,	
- Change in demographic assumptions	-	-
- Change in financial assumptions	0.15	(0.25)
- Experience variance	0.01	(0.09)
- Return on plan assets, excluding amount recognised in net interest expense / income	-	* +
	0.16	(0.34)

# Sensitivity Analysis of significant actuarial assumption

Significant actuarial assumptions for the determination of the defined benefit obligation are discount rate and expected salary increase. The sensitivity analysis below have been determined based on reasonably possible changes of the assumptions occurring at the end of the reporting period, while holding all other assumptions constant. The results of sensitivity analysis is given below:

	850 - L 21	2017		(₹ In Lakhs)
Sensitivity Analysis for Gratuity	March 31	., 2017	March 31	., 2016
	Decrease	Increase	Decrease	Increase
Discount rate (-/+ 1%)	4.76	3.74	4.15	3.27
(% change compared to base due to sensitivity)	13.08%	-11.02%	13.18%	-11.04%
Salary Growth Rate (-/+1%)	3.77	4.71	3.29	4.11
(% change compared to base due to sensitivity)	-10.30%	11.94%	-10.35%	12.07%
Withdrawal Rate (-/+1%)	4.20	4.21	3.65	3.69
(% change compared to base due to sensitivity)	-0.22%	0.20%	-0.60%	0.52%

# Defined Contribution Plans-

Accounts recognized as an expense and included in the note no. 2.21 contribution to Provident and other funds of Profit and Loss accounts-₹1.87 Lakhs (Previous Year ₹1.94 Lakhs)



#### 2.39 Trade Receivables

The company has used a practical expedient by computing the expected credit loss allowance for trade receivables based on a provision matrix. The provision matrix takes into account historical credit loss experience and adjusted for forward-looking information. The expected credit loss allowance is based on the aging of the days the receivables are due, the rates as given in the provision matrix and qualitative management review on case to case basis. The provision matrix at the end of the reporting period is as follows:

	(₹ in Lakhs)
Age of Receivables	Expected Credit loss %
0-30 days past due	0%
31-1 year past due	0%
1-3 year past due	0%
More than 3 years past due	100%

Period (in days)	As at March 31, 2017	As at March 31, 2016
0-30 days past due	1.04	0.87
31-1 year past due	0.12	6.33
1-3 year past due	<u>-</u>	2.26
More than 3 years past due		-

Movement in Expected Credit loss allowance	As at March 31, 2017	As at March 31, 2016
Balance at the beginning of the year	-	-
Movement in expected credit loss allowance on trade receivables calculated at lifetime expected credit losses	0.18	-
Balance at the end of the year	0.18	-

# 2.40 Particulars of unhedged foreign currency exposure as at balance sheet date - Rupees Nil (Previous year Rupees Nil)

# 2.41 Disclosure required by Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises (Development) Act, 2006.

As per requirement of Section 22 Micro, Small & Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006 following information is disclosed:

As at March	As at March
31, 2017	31, 2016
ar. Nil	Nil
Nil	Nil
Nil	Nil
Nil	Nil
	Nil
	Nil
ne Nil	Nil
	31, 2017  ar. Nil  Nil  Nil  Nil  Nil  Nil  Nil  Nil

The above information regarding Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises has been determined to the extent such parties have been identified on the basis of information available with the Company. This has been relied upon by the auditors.



# 2.42 Details of Foreign Currency Expenditure

			(₹ In Lakhs)
	Particulars	As at March	As at March
` <del></del>		31, 2017	31, 2016
	-	Nil	Nil

#### 2.43 Operating Lease

		(₹ In Lakhs)
a) Future Lease Rental payments	As at March 31, 2017	As at March 31, 2016
(i) Not later than one year	1.19	1.73
(ii) Later than one year and not later than five years	0.10	1.19
(iii) Later than five years		
b) Lease payment recognised during the year	2,56	2.67
c) General description of the leasing arrangement:	2.130	2.07
i) Leased Assets : Employee Accommodation		
ii) Future lease rental payments are determined on the basis of lease pay	rable as per the agreement.	

- 2.44 In the opinion of the Board, any of the assets other than fixed assets and non-current investments do not have a value on realization in the ordinary course of business lower than at least equal to the amount at which they are stated
- 2.45 Company has not made provision for cumulative dividend payable excluding dividend distribution tax, towards 0.001% cumulative redeemable preference shares amounting to ₹ 32.94 (previous year ₹ 21.96), in absence of distributable profits.
- 2.46 Disclosures as per Notification GSR 308(E) dated March 30, 2017 of Ministry of Corporate Affairs in respect of details of Specified bank Notes (SBN) held and transacted during the period from November 08, 2016 to December 30, 2016:

			(Amount in ₹)
Particulars	SBNs	Other Denomination Notes	Total
Closing cash in hand as on 08.11.2016	214,000.00	1,591.00	215,591.00
(+) Permitted receipts	-	788,850.00	788,850.00
(-) Permitted Payments		27,533.00	27,533.00
(-) Amount deposited in Banks	214,000.00	739,150.00	953,150.00
Closing cash in hand as on 30.12.2016	_	23,758.00	23,758.00

2.47 Previous year's figures have been regrouped/recasted where necessary.

As per our Report of even date

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

For G D Apte & Co. Chartered Accountants

ICAI Firm Registration No. 100515W

U. S. Abhyankar

Partner

Membership No. LL3053

Place : Mumbai

Date: 18th April 2017

Sangameshwar lyer

Director

DIN.02290842

Mukund Rathi

Director

DIN: 07260182

Shripad Gaitonde

Director

DIN. 06981627

Place : Mumbai

Date: 18th April 2017