Independent Auditor's Report

To the Members of Warasgaon Valley Hotels Limited

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of **Warasgaon Valley Hotels Limited** ("the Company"), which comprise the Balance Sheet as at 31st March 2017, the Statement of Profit and Loss, the Statement of changes in equity, the Cash Flow Statement for the year ended and a summary of the significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in Section 134(5) of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") with respect to the preparation and presentation of these financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance, changes in equity and cash flows of the Company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with Rule 4 of the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We have taken into account the provisions of the Act, the accounting and auditing standards and matters which are required to be included in the audit report under the provisions of the Act and the Rules made there under.

We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing specified under Section 143(10) of the Act. Those Standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and the disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal financial control relevant to the Company's preparation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of the accounting policies used and the reasonableness of the accounting estimates made by the Company's Directors as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.



We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the financial statements.

Opinion

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid financial statements give the information required by the Act in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at March 31, 2017 and its loss, changes in equity and its cash flows for the year ended on that date.

Other Matters

The comparative financial information of the company for the year ended March 31, 2016 and the transition date opening balance sheet as at April 01, 2015 included in these Standalone financial statements are based on the previously issued statutory financial statements prepared in accordance with the Companies (Accounting Standards) Rules, 2006 audited by the predecessor auditor whose report for the year ended March 31, 2016 and March 31, 2015 dated April 20, 2016 and April 21, 2015 respectively expressed an unmodified opinion on those standalone financial statements, as adjusted for the differences in the accounting principles adopted by the company on transition to the Ind AS, which have been audited by us.

Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

- As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2016 ("the Order"), issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub-section (11) of section 143 of the Act, we enclose in the "Annexure – A", a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order, to the extent applicable.
- 2. As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, we report that:
 - (a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit;
 - (b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books;
 - (c) The Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss, the Statement of Changes in Equity and the Cash Flow Statement dealt with in this Report are in agreement with the books of account;
 - (d) In our opinion, the aforesaid financial statements comply with the Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with Rule 4 of the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015

- (e) On basis of written representations received from the directors as on March 31, 2017 taken on record by the Board of directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on March 31st 2017 from being appointed as a director in terms of Sec 164(2) of the Act.
- (f) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate report in "Annexure B"
- (g) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
 - (i) The Company does not have any pending litigations which would impact its financial position;
 - (ii) The Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses.
 - (iii) There were no amounts which were required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company.
 - (iv) The company has disclosed in its financial statements as to holdings as well as dealings in specified bank notes during the period from 8th November, 2016 to 30th December, 2016 and same are in agreement with the books of account maintained by the company.

For G. D. Apte & Co
Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration Number: 100515W

U.S.Abhyankar

Partner

Membership No.: 113053 Mumbai, April 18, 2017

ANNEXURE 'A' TO THE AUDITORS' REPORT

(Referred to in paragraph 1 under the heading 'Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements' of our Report of even date to the members of Company for the year ended on March 31st, 2017, of Warasgaon Valley Hotels limited)

- (i) and (ii) In absence of fixed assets and inventories, Paragraph 3 (i) and (ii) are not applicable.
- (iii) Based on audit procedures conducted by us and according to information and explanations given to us, the company has not granted any loans, secured or unsecured, to companies, firms, Limited Liability Partnerships or other parties covered in the register maintained under Section 189 of the Act. Accordingly, provisions of paragraph 3 (iii) (a), 3 (iii) (b) and 3 (iii) (c) of the Order are not applicable
- (iv) Based on the audit procedures conducted by us and according to the information and explanations given to us, in our opinion, the company has not given any loans, guarantees or securities to any of its directors or to any other persons in whom the director is interested under section 185 of the Act. The Company has complied with the provisions of section 186 of the Act, with respect to loans made.
- (v) The Company has not accepted any deposits from the public to which the provisions of section 73 to 76 or any other relevant provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Companies (Acceptance of Deposit) Rules 2014 apply.
- (vi) According to the information and explanations given to us, the company is not required to maintain cost records under sub-section (1) of section 148 of the companies Act, 2013.
- (vii)
 (a) As per information and explanations given to us, no liability in respect of provident fund, employee's state insurance, service tax, sales tax, duty of customs, duty of excise, value added tax, cess and other statutory dues has arised during the period under audit.

According to the records , the Company is generally regular in depositing the tax deducted at source with the appropriate authority and there are no undisputed amounts payable thereof which are outstanding, as at March 31, 2017 for a period of more than six months from the date they became payable.

- (b) According to the information and explanation given to us, there are no dues of income tax, sales tax, service tax, duty of customs, duty of excise and value added tax which have not been deposited on account of any dispute.
- (viii) According to the information and explanation given to us, the company has not borrowed any money from any financial institution, bank, Government or debenture holder, and accordingly clause 3 (viii) of the order is not applicable to the company.
- (ix) The Company has not raised any money by way of initial public offer or further public



offer (including debt instruments) and did not have any term loans outstanding during the year. Accordingly, clause3 (ix) of the Order is not applicable to the company.

- (x) According to the information and explanations furnished by the management, and based on our audit procedures, we report that no fraud by the Company or on the Company by any of its officers or employees has been noticed or reported during the course of our audit.
- (xi) According to the information and explanations furnished by the management, no managerial remuneration has been paid during the year. Accordingly, paragraph 3 (xi) of the Order is not applicable to the company.
- (xii) According to the explanations given to us, the Company is not a Nidhi Company within the meaning of section 406 of the Act.
- (xiii) Based upon the audit procedures performed for the purpose of reporting the true and fair view of the financial statements and as per the information and explanations given to us, we report that the transactions with the related parties are in compliance with section 188 of Companies Act, 2013 where applicable and the details as required by the applicable accounting standards have been disclosed in the financial Statements. Since, the company is not listed company or a company prescribed within the class of companies under Rule 6 of Companies (Meetings of Board and its Powers) Rules, 2014, provisions of section 177 of the Act are not applicable to the company.
- (xiv) The Company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares or fully or partly convertible debentures during the year under review.
- (xv) Based upon the audit procedures performed for the purpose of reporting the true and fair view of financial statements and as per information and explanations given to us, we report that the company has not entered into any non-cash transactions of nature as described in section 192(1) of the Act.
- (xvi) Based upon the audit procedures performed by us and as per information and explanations given to us, we report that the company is not required to be registered under section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934.

For G. D. Apte & Co Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration Number: 100515W

U. S. Abhyankar

Partner

Membership No.: 113053 Mumbai, April 18, 2017

ANNEXURE 'B' TO THE AUDITORS' REPORT

(Referred to in paragraph 2 (f) under the heading 'Report on other legal and regulatory requirements' of our report on even date on the Internal Financial Controls under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") to the members of the Company for the year ended March 31, 2017 of Warasgaon Valley Hotels Limited)

To the Members of Warasgaon Valley Hotels Limited

We have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of Warasgaon Valley Hotels Limited ("the Company"), as of March 31, 2017 in conjunction with our audit of the financial statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Company's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (ICAI). These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") and the Standards on Auditing as specified under section 143(10) of the Act to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls, both applicable to an audit of internal financial controls and both issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls system over financial reporting.



Meaning of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting

A company's internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorisations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorised acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Opinion

In our opinion, the Company has, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting and such internal financial controls over financial reporting were operating effectively as at March 31, 2017, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the ICAI.

For G. D. Apte & Co Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration Number: 100515W

U.S. Abhyankar

Partner

Membership No.: 113053 Mumbai, April 18, 2017 Warasgaon Valley Hotels Limited CIN:- U55101MH2010PLC210104

Balance Sheet As At 31st March 2017

Note As at March As at March As at April **Particulars** 31st, 2017 31st, 2016 1st, 2015 **ASSETS** Current assets (a) Financial Assets (i) Cash and Cash equivalents 2.01 0.01 0.16 0.80 (ii) Short Term loans and Advances 2.02 2.48 2.48 2.48 **Total Assets** 2.49 2.64 3.28 **EQUITY AND LIABILITIES** Equity Equity Share capital 2.03 5.00 5.00 5.00 Other Equity 2.04 (3.69)(2.97)(2.24)Non-current liabilities Deferred tax liabilities (net) 2.05 Current liabilities (a) Financial Liabilities (i) Other financial liabilities 2.06 1.15 0.61 0.52 (b) Other current liabilities 2.07 0.03 Total Equity and Liabilities 2.49 2.64 3.28

Significant accounting policies and notes to financial statements form an integral part of Balance Sheet

As per our attached report of even date

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

For G. D. Apte & Co. Chartered Accountants

ICA! Firm Registration No. 100515W

Vinayak(Jadhav

Director

DIN: 02812072

Rajesh Kankani

Director

DIN: 02874705

U. S. Abhyankar

Partner

Membership No. 113053

Place: Mumbai

Date: 18th April 2017

Sharad Naik

Director

DIN: 07511077

Place: Mumbai

Date: 18th April 2017

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Statement of Profit & Loss for the Year Ended 31st March 2017

			(₹ in Lakhs)
Particulars	Note no	For the year ended 31st March,2017	For the year ended 31st March,2016
Revenue from Operations			-
Other Income		-	
Total income		-	-
EXPENSES	:		
Administrative Expenses	2.08	0.72	0.73
Total Expenses		0.72	0.73
Profit/(Loss) before exceptional items and tax		(0.72)	(0.73)
Exceptional Items		. 1	- '
Profit/(Loss) before tax		(0.72)	(0,73)
Tax expenses		,	
(1) Current tax		_	-
(2) Deferred tax		_	-
Profit/(Loss) for the period from continuing operations		(0.72)	(0.73)
Profit/(Loss) from discontinued operations		-	<u>-</u>
Tax expenses of discontinued operations			-
Profit/(Loss) from discontinued operations (after tax)			*
Profit/(loss) for the period		(0.72)	(0.73)
Other Comprehensive Income			
Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss		-	-
Income tax relating to items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss		-	-
ltems that will be reclassified to profit or loss		-	-
income tax relating to items that will be reclassified to profit or loss		-	-
Total other Comprehensive Income for the Year, net of tax		-	_
Total Comprehensive Income for the period (Comprising Profit (Loss) and Other Comprehensive Income for the period)		(0.72)	(0.73)



(₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	Note no	For the year ended 31st March,2017	For the year ended 31st March,2016
Earning per equity share (For continuing operations):		,	•
i) Basic (Rs.)		(1.45)	(1.47)
ii) Diluted (Rs.)		(1.45)	(1.47)
Earning per equity share (For discontinued operations):			
i) Basic (Rs.)		_	_
ii) Diluted (Rs.)		-	-
Earning per equity share (For discontinued & continuing operations):			
i) Basic (Rs.)		(1.45)	(1.47)
ii) Diluted (Rs.)		(1.45)	(1.47)

Significant accounting policies and notes to financial statements form an integral part of the Statement of Profit and Loss.

As per our attached report of even date

For G. D. Apte & Co. Chartered Accountants ICAI Firm Registration No. 100515W

U. S. Abhyankar

Partner

Membership No. 113053

Place: Mumbai

Date: 18th April 2017

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Vinayak Jadi Director

DIN: 02312072

Rajesh Kankani

Director

DIN: 02874705

Sharad Naik

Director

DIN: 07511077

Place: Mumbai

Date: 18th April 2017

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Cash Flow Statement for the Year Ended 31st March 2017

(₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	For the Year Ended 31st March 2017	For the Year Ended 31st March 2016
A. CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES - Net profit / (loss) before tax and Exceptional items Adjustment for :	(0.72)	(0.73)
Add: - Loss on Sale of Asset - Depreciation		-
Less: - Interest on Fixed Deposit (Shown separately as Investing Activity)	-	-
Operating Profit before working Capital changes	(0.72)	(0.73)
Changes in Working Capital - Increase / (Decrease) in Other Financial Liabilities - Increase / (Decrease) in Other Current Liabilities - Increase / (Decrease) in Provisions	0.54 0.03 -	0.09 - -
CASH GENERATED FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	(0.15)	(0.64)
Taxes Paid / Payable	-	-
NET CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	(0.15)	(0.64)
B. CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
B. NET CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	-	-
C. CASH FLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		-
C. NET CASH FLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES	-	-



Particulars	For the Year Ended 31st March 2017	For the Year Ended 31st March 2016
Increase / (Decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(0.15)	(0.64)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the year Cash and cash equivalents at end of the year	0.16 0.01	0.80 0.16

Notes:

- i) Details of Cash and bank balances are given in note No. 2.01
- ii) Previous year figures have been regrouped/recast wherever necessary.

As per our attached report of even date

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

For G. D. Apte & Co. Chartered Accountants

ICAI Firm Registration No. 100515W

Director

DIN: 02312072

Rajesh Kankani

Director

DIN: 02874705

U. S. Abhyankar

Partner

Membership No. 113053

Place: Mumbai

Date: 18th April 2017

Sharad Naik

Director

DIN: 07511077

Place: Mumbai

Date: 18th April 2017

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Statement of Changes in Equity as at March 31, 2017

A. Equity Share Capital

(₹ in Lakhs)

Balance at April 01, 2015		Changes in equity share capital during the year	Balance as at March 31, 2016	Changes in equity share capital during the year	Balance as at March 31, 2017
 	5.00	_	5.00	•	5.00

B. Other Equity

(₹ in Lakhs)

		Reserve	and Surplus		
Particulars	Capital Reserve	Securities Premium Reserve	Other Reserves -Debenture Redemption Reserve	Retained Earnings	Total
Balance as on 1st April 2015	_	-	· -	(2.24)	(2.24)
Profit (Loss) for the period		-		(0.73)	(0.73)
Other Comprehensive income for the year, net of income tax	-	_		-	-
Total comprehensive income for the year	•	-	_	(0.73)	(0.73)
Balance as on 31st March 2016		-	-	(2.97)	(2.97)
Profit (Loss) for the period				(0.72)	(0.72)
Other Comprehensive income for the year, net of income tax	-	-	-	-	-
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	-	-	(0.72)	(0.72)
Balance at the end of 31st March 2017	-		-	(3.69)	(3.69)

Significant accounting policies and notes to financial statements form an integral part of the Statement of Changes in Equity

As per our attached report of even date

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Rajesh Kankani

DIN: 02874705

Director

For G. D. Apte & Co.

Chartered Accountants

ICAI Firm Registration No. 100515W

U. S. Abhyankar

Partner

Membership No. 113053

Place: Mumbai

Date: 18th April 2017

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Vináyak/Jadhav

DIN: 02312072

Director

Sharad Naik

Director

DIN: 07511077

Place: Mumbai

Date: 18th April 2017

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Note No.1: SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND NOTES FORMING PART OF ACCOUNTS AS AT 31st March 2017

A Company Overview

Warasgaon Valley Hotels Limited ('the company') is a public limited company incorporated and domiciled in India and having its "Hotels & Hospitality" at Lavasa, India. The company was incorporated on 16th November 2010 and having its registered office in Mumbai, India. The company operates as a subsidiary of Lavasa Corporation Limited.

B Significant Accounting Policies

1 Basis of Preparation of Financial Statements

The financial statements are prepared in accordance with Indian Accounting Standard (Ind AS) prescribed under section 133 of the Act read with rules 4 of the Companies (Indian Accounting Standard) Rules, 2015 and Companies (India Accounting Standard) Amendment Rules 2016 on historical cost convention on the accrual basis and the provision of Companies Act, 2013.

The Company has adopted all Ind AS and adoption has been carried out in accordance with Ind AS101, First Time Adoption of Indian Accounting Standard. The transition was carried out from Indian Accounting Principles generally accepted in India as prescribed under Sec 133 of the Act, read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 (IGAAP), which was the previous GAAP. Reconciliations and descriptions of the effect of the transition has been summarized in Note 2.15, 2.16 & 2.17.

2 Statement of Compliance

The Financial Statements comprising Balance Sheet, Statement of profit and Loss, Statement of changes in Equity, Cash Flow Statement, together with notes for the year ended March 31, 2017 have been prepared in accordance with Ind AS notified under the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 and Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Amendment Rules, 2016

3 Basis of measurement

The financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost convention and on an accrual basis, except for the following material items that have been measured at fair value as required by relevant Ind AS:

i. Certain financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value (refer accounting policy on financial instruments);

4 Functional and Presentation Currency

Items included in financial statement of the Company are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the Company operates ("the functional currency"). Indian rupee is the functional currency of the Company.

The financial statements are presented in Indian Rupees (₹) which is the Company's presentation currency. All financial information presented in Indian Rupees has been rounded up to the nearest lakhs except where otherwise indicated.

5 First-time adoption of Ind AS

The financial statement for the year ended March 31, 2017 are the first financial statement prepared by the company in accordance with Ind As.

For the periods up to and inclusive of year ended March 31, 2016, the Company prepared its financial statements in accordance with accounting standards specified in section 133 of companies Act 2013 read together with rule 7 of Companies (Accounting Standards) Rules 2014 (Previous GAAP). Reconciliation and description of the effect of transition from previous GAAP to Ind AS on equity , Profit and cash flows are provided in Note 2.15,2.16 & 2.17. The Balance Sheet as on the date of transition has been prepared in accordance with Ind AS 101 first- time Adoption of Indian Accounting Standards.

Ind AS 101 requires that all Ind AS for the first Ind AS Financial Statements, be applied consistently and retrospectively for all fiscal years presented. However this standard provides some exceptions and exemptions to the general this general requirement in specific cases. The application of these exceptions and exemptions are as discussed below:



6 Exceptions to retrospective application of other Ind AS

i. Estimates:

An entity's estimates in accordance with Ind AS at the date of transition to Ind AS shall be consistent with estimates made for the same date in accordance with previous GAAP (after adjustments to reflect any difference in accounting policies), unless there is an objective evidence that those estimates were in error. The Company has not made any changes to estimates made in accordance with Previous GAAP.

ii. Ind AS 109 - Financial Instruments (Classification and measurement of financial assets) :

Classification and measurement of financial assets shall be made on the basis of the facts and circumstances that exist at the date of transition to Ind AS. The Company has evaluated the facts and circumstances existing on the date of transition to Ind AS for the purpose of classification and measurement of financial assets and accordingly has classified and measured financial assets on the date of transition.

7 Use of Estimates

The preparations of financial statements in conformity with Ind AS requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, the disclosures of contingent assets and contingent liabilities, at the time of financial statements, income and expenses during the period. Actual results may differ from these estimates. Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized in the period in which the estimates are revised and in future periods which are affected.

Application of accounting policies that require critical accounting estimates and assumption having the most significant effect on the amounts recognized in the financial statements are :

i) Provisions

8 Financial Instruments

Financial Assets

Financial assets comprises of cash and cash equivalents and loans and advances which are measured initially at fair value and subsequently at amortized cost

b. Financial liabilities

(i) Initial Recognition and Measurement:

Financial liabilities are initially recognized at fair value plus any transaction cost that are attributable to the acquisition of the financial liabilities except financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss which are initially measured at fair value.

(ii) Subsequent Measurement:

The financial liabilities are classified for subsequent measurement into following categories-

- At amortized cost
 - At fair value through profit or loss

(iii) De recognition of financial liabilities

A financial liability shall be de recognized when, and only when, it is extinguished i.e. when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged or cancelled or expires.

c. Offsetting of financial assets and financial liabilities -

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount is presented in Balance Sheet when, and only when, the Company has a legal right to offset the recognized amounts and intends either to settle on a net basis or to realize the assets and settle the liability simultaneously.



9 Taxes on Income

The tax expense comprises of current tax & deferred tax charged or credited to the Statement of Profit and Loss for the year. Income tax expense is recognized in profit and loss except to the extent that it relates to items of equity and other comprehensive income. Current tax is calculated in accordance with the tax laws applicable to the current financial year using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted on the reporting date. Deferred tax is recognized using balance sheet method providing for temporary differences between the carrying amount of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and the amounts used for taxation purposes. Where there are unabsorbed depreciation or carry forward losses, deferred tax assets are recognized only if there is virtual certainty of realization of such assets. Other deferred tax assets are recognized only to the extent there is reasonable certainty of realization in future. At each balance sheet date, recognized and unrecognized deferred tax assets are reviewed

10 Revenue Recognition

- I) Revenue is recognized as and when services are rendered.
- ii) Interest income is recognized on time proportionate at basis

11 Contingencies / Provisions

Provisions are recognized when the Company has a present obligation as a result of a past event and it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

Contingent liabilities are not recognized but are disclosed in the financial statements . Contingent assets are not recognized and are disclosed where an inflow of economic benefits is probable.

12 Earning Per Share

Basic earning per share is calculated by dividing the net profit or loss for the year attributable to the equity shareholders (after deducting preference dividends and attributable taxes, if any) by the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the year. For the purpose of calculating diluted earning per share, net profit & loss for the year attributable to equity shareholders and weighted number of shares outstanding during the year are adjusted for the effects of all dilutive potential equity shares.

13 Segmental Reporting

The Company's operation is considered under one segment "Hotels & Hospitality" for internal reporting. Therefore, the Company's business does not fall under different operational segments as defined by Ind AS 108 - "Operating Segments" referred to in Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013.

Company has not started its operations, hence segment information under Accounting Standard (IndAS) is not disclosed.

C Recent accounting pronouncements

1 Standards issued but not yet effective

In March 2017, the Ministry of Corporate Affairs issued the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) (Amendments) Rules, 2017, notifying amendments to Ind AS 7, 'Statement of cash flows' and Ind AS 102, 'Share-based payment.' These amendments are in accordance with the recent amendments made by International Accounting Standards Board (IASB) to IAS 7, 'Statement of cash flows' and IFRS 2, 'Share-based payment,' respectively. The amendments are applicable to the Company from 1 April 2017.

2 Amendment to Ind AS 7

The amendment to Ind AS 7 requires the entities to provide disclosures that enable users of financial statements to evaluate changes in liabilities arising from financing activities, including both changes arising from cash flows and non-cash changes, suggesting inclusion of a reconciliation between the opening and closing balances in the balance sheet for liabilities arising from financing activities, to meet the disclosure requirement. The Company is evaluating the requirements of the amendment and the effect on the financial statements is being evaluated.



Notes to and forming part of the financial statements as at and for the year ended 31st March 2017

	·			(₹ in Lakhs)
		As at March 31st, 2017	As at March 31st, 2016	As at April 1st, 2015
2.01	Cash and Cash equivalents			
-	(a) Balances With Banks		0.14	0.75
	(b) Cash On Hand	0.01	0.02	0.05
		0.01	0.16	0.80
2.02	Short-term loans and advances			
	Advance to Holding Company	2.48	2.48	2.48
		2.48	2.48	2.48



				_(₹in Lakhs)	
-		As at March 31st, 2017	As at March 31st, 2016	As at April 1st, 2015	
2.03	Share Capital			· ,	
A)	Authorized			•	
	2,00,000 (Previous Year 2,00,000) Equity Shares of Rs. 10/- each	20.00	20.00	20.00	
		20.00	20.00	20.00	
	ISSUED SUBSCRIBED AND PAID UP				
	Equity Share Capital				
	50,000 Equity Shares (Previous Year 50,000) of Rs.10/- each fully paid up	5.00	5.00	5.00	
		5.00	5.00	5.00	

Reconciliation of shares outstanding at the beginning and at the end of the period

Equity Shares	As at March 31st, 2017		As at March	31st, 2016	As at April 1st, 2015		
	No of shares	(₹in Lakhs)	No of shares	(₹in Lakhs)	No of shares	(₹in Lakhs)	
At the beginning of the year	50,000	5.00	50,000	5.00	50,000	5.00	
Shares issued during the year for cash	-	-	-	-	-	-	
At the end of the year	50,000	5.00	50,000	5.00	50,000	5.00	

Details of shareholders holding more than 5% of shares of the Company and shares held by holding & ultimate holding Company

Equity Shares	As at March	As at March 31st, 2017		As at March 31st, 2016		As at April 1st, 2015	
	No of shares	% holding	No of shares	% holding	No of shares	% holding	
Equity Shares of ₹ 10 each fully paid							
Lavasa Corporation Limited-Holding Company	50,000	100.00%	50,000	100.00%	50,000	100.00%	

Details of Allotment of Shares for consideration other than cash, allotments of Bonus Shares and Shares bought back:

Particulars	Financial Year (Aggregate No. of Shares)						
- arcicolars	2016-17	2015-16	2014-15	2013-14	2012-13		
Equity Shares :					,		
Fully paid up by way of bonus shares	-	-	-				
Allotted pursuant to contract(s) without payment being received in cash	-	-	-	-	-		
Shares Bought Back	-	-	-	_			

Rights & restriction attached to equity shareholders E)

The Company has only one class of equity shares having face value as ₹ 10/- each. Every holder of equity shares is entitled to one vote per share. In the event of liquidation of the Company, the holders of equity shares will be entitled to receive any of the remaining assets of the Company, after distribution of all preferential amounts. Any dividend proposed by the Board of Directors is subject to the approval of shareholders in the ensuing Annual General Meeting.



		•	(₹ in Lakhs) As at April 1st, 2015	
	As at March 31st, 2017	As at March 31st, 2016		
2.04 Other Equity		, ,	,	
Retained earnings				
Balance at the beginning of the year	(2.97)	(2.24)	(1.83)	
Add: Profit (loss) for the year	(0.72)	(0.73)	(0.41)	
Less: Appropriations	-	-	-	
Less: Dividend paid	-	-	· _	
Less: Dividend distribution tax paid	-	-	-	
	(3.69)	(2.97)	(2.24)	
2.05 Deferred tax liabilities (net)		•	•	
A Deferred tax liabilities				
Intangible assets	_	_	•	
Finance lease obligation			-	
Others	_	-	-	
Total		-		
B Deferred tax assets				
Property, plant & Equipment				
Others	•		<u>-</u>	
Total	·			
				
Net Deferred Tax Liabilities (A-B)	 			
(Refer note 2.18)				
2.06 Other Financial Liabilities (Current)				
Creditors for Other Expenses	0.42	0.61	0.52	
Payable to Related Parties	0.73	_	_	
	1.15	0.61	0.52	
2.07 Other Current Liabilities (a) Other Payables				
(i) Statutory dues payable	0.03		- ·	
	0.03			



Notes to and forming part of the financial statements as at and for the year ended 31st March 2017 (₹ in Lakhs)

	For the year ended 31st March,2017		
2.08 Administrative Expenses			
Office and Other General expenses	0.12	0.23	
Rates & Taxes	0.03	0.03	
Professional & Consultation Charges	0.23	0.21	
Payment to Auditor			
for Statutory Audit	0.34	0.23	
for Other Services		0.05	
for reimbursement of expenses;	-	-	
	0.72	0.73	



"Notes to and forming part of the financial statements as at and for the year ended 31st March 2017

2.09 Contingent Liability

a)

			(₹ in Lakhs)	
)	Particulars	31st March 2017	31st March 2016	
	Contingent Liabilities	-	-	

- b) Estimated amount of contracts remaining to be executed on Capital account and not provided for (net of advances)- Nil Related Party Disclosure
- i) Particulars of Related Parties, which control or are under common control with the Company :

A) Holding Company & Ultimate Holding Company
Hindustan Construction Company Limited (HCC) - Ultimate Holding
HCC Real Estate Limited (HREL) - Parent Company of Holding Lavasa Corporation Limited- Holding Company B) Fellow Subsidiaries Dasve Business Hotel Limited Dasve Hospitality Institutes Limited Dasve Retail Limited Ecomotel Hotel Limited Full Spectrum Adventure Limited Future City Multiservices Sez Limited Green Hills Residences Limited Hill City Service Apartments Limited Hill View Parking Services Limited Kart Racers Limited Lakeview Clubs Limited Lavasa Bamboocrafts Limited Lavasa Hotel Limited Mugaon Luxury Hotels Limited My City Technology Limited Nature Lovers Retail Limited Our Home Service Apartments Limited Reasonable Housing Limited Rhapsody Commercial Space Limited Rosebay Hotels Limited Sahyadri City Management Limited Valley View Entertainment Limited Verzon Hospitality Limited Warasgaon Assets Maintenance Limited Warasgaon Infrastructure Providers Limited Warasgaon Power Supply Limited Warasgaon Tourism Limited Lakeshore Watersports Company Limited C) Other Related Parties Associates: Knowledge Vistas Limited Joint Ventures: Andromeda Hotels Limited Green Hills Residences Limited Spotless Laundry Services Limited Whistling Thrush Facilities Services Limited Ecomotel Hotel Limited Starlit Resort Limited Bona Sera Hotels Limited Apollo Lavasa Health Corporation Limited

ii) Transactions with Related Parties during the period :

Nature of Transactions	Ultimate	Holding Company & Ultimate Holding Company		Fellow Subsidiaries		ted Parties
	31st March 2017	31st March 2016	31st March 2017	31st March 2016	31st March 2017	31st March 2016
Included in Creditors for Other Expenses. Lavasa Corporation Limited	0.73			<u> </u>		·
Included in Loans & Advances-Current Assets	0.73		-	-	-	-
Lavasa Corporation Limited	2.48	2.48	_	_	_	_
Equity Share Capital Outstanding at face value Lavasa Corporation Limited	5.00	5.00	-	-		



2.11 Earnings Per Share:

		(₹ in Lakns)
Particulars	31st March 2017	31st March 2016
Profit/(Loss) after taxation as per statement of profit and loss (₹ in Lakhs)	(0.72)	(0.73)
Less: Preference Dividend on cumulative preference shares incl distribution tax		-
Net Profit / (Loss) after preference dividend	(0.72)	(0.73)
Weighted Average number of Equity Shares (for Basic EPS)	50,000	50,000
Earning Per Share (Basic) (in Rupees)	(1.45)	(1.47)
Weighted Average number of Equity Shares (for Diluted EPS)	50,000	50.000
Earning Per Share (Diluted) (in Rupees)	(1.45)	(1.47)

2.12 Financial Instruments By Category

The carrying value and the fair value of financial instruments by each category as at March 31, 2017 :

Particulars	Financial assets / liabilities at amortized costs	Financial assets / liabilities at FVTPL	Financial assets/ liabilities at FVTOCI	Total carrying value	(₹ in Lakhs) Total fair Value
Assets	 				
Cash and Cash Equivalents and other bank balances	0.01			0.01	0.01
Short Term loans and Advances	2.48	-		2.48	2.48
Liabilities					
Other Financial Liabilities-Creditors for Expenses	1.15	-	-	1.15	1.15

The carrying value and the fair value of financial instruments by each category as at March 31, 2016:

(₹ in Lakhs)

		-			(III Lakiis)
Particulars	Financial assets / liabilities at amortized costs	Financial assets / liabilities at FVTPL	Financial assets/ liabilities at FVTOCI	Total carrying value	Total fair Value
Assets					
Cash and Cash Equivalents and other bank balances	0.16	-	-	0.16	0.16
Short Term loans and Advances	2.48	-	-	2.48	2.48
Liabilities					
Other Financial Liabilities-Creditors for Expenses	0.61	-	-	0.61	0.61

2.13 Exposure to credit risk

The Gross carrying amount of financial assets, net of any impairment losses recognized represents the maximum credit exposure. The maximum exposure to credit risk as at March 31, 2017 and 2016 was as follows:

		(₹ in Lakhs)
Particulars	As at March 31, 2017	As at March 31, 2016
Cash and Cash Equivalents and other bank balances	0.01	0.16
Short Term loans and Advances	2.48	2.48
Total	2.49	2.63



2.14 Liquidity Risks

Liquidity risk is the risk that the company will encounter difficulty in meeting the obligations associated with its financial liabilities that are settled by delivering cash or another financial asset. The company's approach for managing liquidity is to ensure as far as possible that it will always have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when due, under normal and stressed conditions, without incurring unacceptable losses or risking damages to the company's reputation. Typically the company ensures that it has sufficient cash on demand to meet expected operational expenses, servicing of financial obligations.

Maturity Analysis of financial instruments As At March 31, 2017

(₹ in Lakhs)

Carrying amount	Contractual Cash flow				
	0-12 Months	1-3 years	3-5 years	Above 5 years	Total
1.15	1.15			-	1.15
	amount	amount 0-12 Months	Carrying amount 0-12 Months 1-3 years	Carrying amount 0-12 Months 1-3 years 3-5 years	Carrying amount 0-12 Months 1-3 years 3-5 years Above 5 years

As At March 31, 2016

(₹ in Lakhs)

Portionless	Carrying	Contractual Cash flow				
Particulars	amount	0-12 Months	1-3 years	3-5 years	Above 5 years	Total
Other Financial Liabilities including guarantee contracts	0.61	0.61		-	-	0.61

2.15 Reconciliation of Equity from Previous GAAP to Ind AS at April 1, 2015 and March 31, 2016

(₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	As at April 1, 2015	As at March 31, 2016
Equity as per Previous GAAP	2.76	2.03
IND AS Adjustments		-
Equity as per IND AS	2.76	2.03

2.16 Reconciliation of Net profit from Previous GAAP to Ind AS for the year ended March 31, 2016

(₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	March 31, 2016
Net profit as per Previous GAAP	(0.73)
Add/(Less): Adjustments	
Net profit as per Ind AS	(0.73)

2.17 Reconciliation of material items of Statement of Cash flows for the year ended March 31, 2016 as per IND AS with

(₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	As per IND AS	As per pervious GAAP	Increase/ (Decrease)
Cash generated from operations	(0.64)	(0.64)	
Net cash used in investing activities	- (0.10 1.7		
Net cash used in financing activities	,	-	-
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	0.80	0.80	
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	0.16	0.16	-



2.18 DEFERRED TAX ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

A Movement in temporary differences of Deferred Tax during current and previous year

		(₹ in Lakhs)	
Particulars	Gratuity	Liability u/s 43B	
Balance as at April 1, 2015	-	-	
Recognised in income statement	-	_	
Recognised in Equity	-	-	
Recognised in OCI	-		
Balance as at March 31, 2016		-	
Recognised in income statement	-	-	
Recognised in Equity		-	
Recognised in OCI	-	-	
Balance as at March 31, 2017	-	-	

B Unrecognized deferred tax asset (₹ in Lakhs)

		As at 31st March 2016	
Deductible temporary differences	0.16	0.16	0.16
Unrecognized tax losses	-		*
	-	-	-
	0.16	0.16	0.16

Considering the probability of future taxable profits in the period in which tax losses expire, deferred tax assets have not been recognized in respect of tax losses carried forward by the Company. Of the above, some tax losses expire at various dates.

C Income Tax Expenses recognized in P&L (₹ in Lakhs)

	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	(\ III Lakiis)
Particulars	As at March 2017	As at March 2016
Current tax expenses /(Reversal)	-	-
Deferred Tax expense /(Reversal)	-	-
	-	-

D Reconciliation of effective tax rates

A reconciliation of the income tax provision to the amount computed by applying the statutory income tax rate to the income before taxes is summarized below:

(₹ in Lakhs)

		(₹ in Lakns)		
Particulars	As at March 2017	As at March 2016		
Profit Before Tax	(0.72)	(0.73)		
Enacted tax rates in India	30.90%	30.90%		
Expected Tax Expense/ (Benefit)	(0.22)	(0.23)		
Effect of :				
Other expenses not deductible for tax purposes	0.22	0.23		
	-			

2.19 Disclosure required by Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises (Development) Act, 2006.

As per requirement of Section 22 Micro, Small & Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006 following information is disclosed:

(₹ iл Lakhs)

(< III Edicity)	
As at March 31, 2017	As at March 31, 2016
Nil	Nil
Nil	Nil
Nil	Nil
NII	Nil
Nil	Nil
NII	Nil
Nil	Nil
	31, 2017 Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil Ni

The above information regarding Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises has been determined to the extent such parties have been identified on the basis of information available with the Company. This has been relied upon by the auditors.



(₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	As at March 31, 2017	As at March 31, 2016
-	Nil	Nil

2.21 Disclosures as per Notification GSR 308(E) dated March 30, 2017 of Ministry of Corporate Affairs in respect of details of Specified bank Notes (SBN) held and transacted during the period from November 08, 2016 to December 30, 2016:

(Amount in ₹)

Particulars	SBNs	Other Denomination Notes	Total
Closing cash in hand as on 08.11.2016		977.00	977.00
(+) Permitted receipts	-	-	-
(-) Permitted Payments	-	-	-
(-) Amount deposited in Banks	-	-	_
Closing cash in hand as on 30.12.2016	-	977.00	977.00

2.22 Previous year's figures have been regrouped/recasted where necessary.

As per our attached Report of even date

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

For G D Apte & Co. Chartered Accountants

ICA! Firm Registration No.

Director

DIN: 023/12072

Rajesh Kankani

Director

DIN: 02874705

U. S. Abhyankar

Partner

Membership No.

Place: Mumbai

Date: 18th April 2017

Sharad Naik

Director

DIN: 02874705

Place: Mumbai

Date: 18th April 2017