Independent Auditor's Report

To the Members Warasgaon Tourism Limited

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Warasgaon Tourism Limited ("the Company"), which comprise the Balance Sheet as at 31st March 2017, the Statement of Profit and Loss, the Statement of Changes in Equity , the Cash Flow Statement for the year ended and a summary of the significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in Section 134(5) of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") with respect to the preparation and presentation of these financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance, changes in equity and cash flows of the Company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with Rule 4 of the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We have taken into account the provisions of the Act, the accounting and auditing standards and matters which are required to be included in the audit report under the provisions of the Act and the Rules made there under.

We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing specified under Section 143(10) of the Act. Those Standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and the disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal financial control relevant to the Company's preparation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of the accounting policies used and the reasonableness of the accounting estimates made by the Company's Directors as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.



We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the financial statements.

Opinion

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid financial statements give the information required by the Act in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at March 31, 2017 and its loss, changes in equity and its cash flows for the year ended on that date.

Other Matters:

The comparative financial information of the company for the year ended March 31, 2016 and the transition date opening balance sheet as at April 1, 2015 included in these Standalone Ind AS financial statements, are based on the previously issued statutory financial statements prepared in accordance with the Companies (Accounting Standards) Rules, 2006 audited by the predecessor auditor whose report for the year ended March 31, 2016 and March 31, 2015 dated April 21, 2016 and April 21, 2015 respectively expressed an unmodified opinion on those standalone financial statements, as adjusted for the differences in the accounting principles adopted by the company on transition to the Ind AS, which have been audited by us.

Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

- As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2016 ('the Order') issued by the Government of India Ministry of Corporate Affairs, in terms of sub-section (11) of section 143 of the Act, we enclose in the "Annexure —A", a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order, to the extent applicable.
- 2. As required by Section 143 (3) of the Act, we report that:
 - (a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit.
 - (b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books.
 - (c) The Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss, the Statement of Changes in Equity and the Cash Flow Statement dealt with in this Report are in agreement with the books of account.
 - (d) In our opinion, the aforesaid financial statements comply with the Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with Rule 4 of the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015.



- (e) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on March 31, 2017 taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on March 31, 2017 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164 (2) of the Act.
- (f) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate report in "Annexure B".
- (g) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
 - (i) the Company does not have any pending litigations which would impact its financial position;
 - (ii) the Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses;
 - (iii) there were no amounts which were required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company.
 - (iv) the company has disclosed in its financial statements as to holdings as well as dealings in specified bank notes during the period from 8th November, 2016 to 30th December, 2016 and the same are in accordance with the books of account maintained by the Company.

For G. D. Apte & Co Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration Number: 100515W

(U. S. Abhyankar)

Partner

Membership No.: 113053 Mumbai, April 18, 2017

ANNEXURE 'A' TO THE AUDITORS' REPORT

(Referred to in paragraph 1 under the heading 'Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements' of our Report of even date on the financial statements for the year ended on March 31, 2017, of Warasgaon Tourism Limited)

- (i) (a) The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars including quantitative details and situation of fixed assets.
 - (b) All fixed assets have not been physically verified by the management during the year but there is a regular programme of verification which, in our opinion, is reasonable having regard to the size of the Company and the nature of its assets. No material discrepancies were noticed on such verification.
 - (c) The company does not hold any immovable properties. Accordingly, the provisions of paragraph 3(i)(c) of the order are not applicable.
- (ii) The inventories have been physically verified during the year by the management. The discrepancies noticed on verification between the physical stocks and the book records were not material and have been properly dealt within the books of accounts.
- Based on audit procedures conducted by us and according to information and explanations given to us, the company has not granted any loans, secured or unsecured, to companies, firms, Limited Liability Partnerships or other parties covered in the register maintained under Section 189 of the Act. Accordingly, provisions of paragraph 3 (iii) of the Order are not applicable.
- (iv) As per the information and explanations given and on the basis of audit procedure performed by us, in our opinion, the Company has not advanced any loans, made any investments or given any guarantees and security. Accordingly, paragraph 3(iv) of the Order is not applicable.
- (v) The Company has not accepted any deposits from the public to which the provisions of section 73 to 76 or any other relevant provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the rules framed thereunder apply.
- (vi) According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company is not required to maintain cost records under sub-section (1) of section 148 of the Companies Act, 2013.
- (vii) (a) According to the records of the company, provident Fund, income tax, sales tax, service tax, duty of custom, duty of excise, cess, value added tax and other statutory dues applicable to it have been generally regularly deposited during the year with the appropriate authorities though there has been delay in a few cases..



There are no undisputed amounts payable thereof which are outstanding, as at March 31, 2017 for a period of more than six months from the date they became payable except service tax Rs. 0.66 Lacs and sales tax Rs.0.09 Lacs.

However, Service tax/Value Added Tax input credit/ liability is subject to reconciliation with the returns.

- (b) According to the information and explanation given to us, there are no dues of income tax, sales tax, service tax, duty of customs, duty of excise and value added tax which have not been deposited on account of any dispute.
- (viii) According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not borrowed any money from any financial institution, bank, Government or debenture holder, and accordingly paragraph 3 (viii) of the Order is not applicable to the company.
- (ix) The Company has not raised any money by way of initial public offer or further public offer (including debt instruments) and did not have any term loans outstanding during the year. Accordingly paragraph 3 (ix) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (x) According to the information and explanations given by the management and based on our audit procedures, we report that no frauds by the Company or on the Company by any of its officers or employees was noticed or reported during the course of our audit.
- (xi) According to the information and explanations given by the management, no managerial remuneration has been paid during the year. Accordingly paragraph 3 (xi) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (xii) According to the explanations given to us, the Company is not a Nidhi Company within the meaning of section 406 of the Act.
- (xiii) Based upon the audit procedures performed for the purpose of reporting the true and fair view of the financial statements and as per the information and explanations given to us, we report that the transactions with the related parties are in compliance with section 188 of Companies Act, 2013 where applicable and the details as required by the applicable accounting standards have been disclosed in the financial Statements. Since the company is not listed company or a company prescribed within the class of companies under Rule 6 of Companies (Meetings of Board and its Powers) Rules, 2014, provisions of section 177 of the Act are not applicable to the company.
- (xiv) The Company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares or fully or partly convertible debentures during the year.
- (xv) Based upon the audit procedures performed for the purpose of reporting the true and fair view of financial statements and as per information and explanations given to us, we report that the company has not entered into any non-cash transactions of nature as described in section 192(1) of the Act.



(xvi)

Based upon the audit procedures performed by us and as per information and explanations given to us, we report that the Company is not required to be registered under section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934.

For G. D. Apte & Co Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration Number: 100515W

(U. S. Abhyankar)

Partner

Membership No.: 113053 Mumbai, April 18, 2017

ANNEXURE 'B' TO THE AUDITORS' REPORT

(Referred to in paragraph 2 (f) under the heading 'Report on other legal and regulatory requirements' of our report on even date on the Internal Financial Controls under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") to the members of the Company for the period ended March 31, 2017 of Warasgaon Tourism Limited)

To the Members of Warasgaon Tourism Limited

We have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of Warasgaon Tourism Limited ("the Company"), as of March 31, 2017 in conjunction with our audit of the financial statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Company's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (ICAI). These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") and the Standards on Auditing as specified under section 143(10) of the Act to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls, both applicable to an audit of internal financial controls and both issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls system over financial reporting.



Meaning of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting

A company's internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorisations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorised acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Opinion

In our opinion, the Company has, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting and such internal financial controls over financial reporting were operating effectively as at March 31, 2017, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the ICAI.

For G. D. Apte & Co Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration Number: 100515W

(U.S. Abhyankar)

Partner

Membership No.: 113053 Mumbai, April 18, 2017

WARASGAON TOURISM LIMITED CIN.No.U63040MH2010PLC200459

Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2017

(₹	in	La	kl	าร)

		<u>,</u>		(₹in Lakhs)
Particulars	Note No	As at March 31st, 2017	As at March 31st, 2016	As at April 1st, 2015
ASSETS	, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		. , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
A Non-current assets				
(a) Property, Plant and Equipment	2.01	144.48	169.01	197.85
(b) Capital work-in- progress	2.01	10.51	10.51	10.51
(c) Financial Assets				
(i) Other Financial assets	2.02	26.65	26.65	26.65
B Current assets				
(a) Inventories	2.03	4.17	4.59	5.20
(b) Financial Assets	2.03	4.17	. 4.09	3.20
(i) Trade Receivable	2.04	13.22	19,39	6.46
(ii) Cash and Cash equivalents	2.05	48.24	21.92	20.17
(iii) Loans & advances	2.06	0.64	0.64	0.64
(iv) Other Financial assets	2.07	6.75	6.75	2.24
·				:
(c) Current tax assets (net)	2.08	4.93	1.83	13.47
(d) Other current assets	2.09	29.33	43.90	27.95
Total Assets		288.92	305.18	311.14
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES				
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES A Equity			•	
(a) Equity Share capital	2.10			
(b) Other Equity	2.10	5.00	5.00	5.00
(b) Other Equity	2.11	(8,009.83)	(7,926.53)	(7,165.66)
B Non-current liabilities				
Provisions	2.12	0.43	0.54	0.50
Deferred Tax Liabilities (net)	2.12	0.45	0.54	0.59
- 57-577-57 FOX ELADINGIES (IICE)	2.13	-	-	-
C Current liabilities				
(a) Financial Liabilities		•		
(i) Borrowings	2.14	98.56	76.03	76.03
(ii) Trade payables	2.15	8,172.65	8,112.22	7,355.65
(iii) Other financial liabilities	2.16	16.73	33.49	21.72
(b) Other current liabilities	2.17	5.12	4.07	17.37
(c) Provisions	2.18	0.26	0.36	0.44
Total Equips and Linkship		200 00	301 - 2	
Total Equity and Liabilities		288.92	305.18	311.14

Significant accounting policies and notes to financial statements form an integral part of Balance Sheet.

As per our attached report of even date

For G. D. Apte & Co. Chartered Accountants

ICAI Firm Registration No. 100515W

Mukund Rathi

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Director DIN: 07260182 Avinash Harde

Director

DIN: 06981622

U. S. Abhyankar

Partner

Membership No. 113053

Place: Mumbai

Date: 18th April 2017

Rajesh Kankani

Director

DIN: 7536753

Place: Mumbai

Date:18th April 2017

WARASGAON TOURISM LIMITED CIN.No.U63040MH2010PLC200459

Statement of Profit and Loss for the Year ended 31st March 2017

(₹in Lakhs)

			(CIII Lakiis)
	Note	For the year	For the year
Particulars	· ·	ended 31st	ended 31st
	no	March,2017	March,2016
Revenue from Operations	2.19	73.82	54.13
Other Income	2.20	12.61	10.20
Total Income	,	86.43	64.33
EXPENSES			
Operating Expenses	2.21	94.24	665.21
Employee Benefit expenses	2.22	4.54	93.82
Office and Other expenses	2.23	31.82	25.29
Finance Cost	2.24	14.24	12.16
Depreciation and amortization expenses	2.01	24.52	28.85
Provision for Doubtful Debts		0.56	· · · ·
Total Expenses		169.91	825.33
Profit / (Loss) before exceptional items and tax		(83.47)	(761.00)
Exceptional Items			. .
Profit / (Loss) before tax		(83.47)	(761.00)
Tax expenses		(00,1,1)	
(1) Current tax			
(2) Deferred tax]	_	_
Profit / (Loss) for the period from continuing			
operations		(83.47)	(761.00)
			· , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
Profit / (Loss) from discountinued operations		-	<u> </u>
Tax expenses of discountinued operations		-	-
			·
Profit / (Loss) from discountinued operations (after		_	
tax)			
Profit / loss for the period		705 478	(763,00)
Profit / loss for the period	1	(83.47)	(761.00)
		·	
Other Comprehensive Income Items that will not be		_	- ·
reclassified to profit or loss :			
Re-measurement gains / (loss) on defined benefit		0.7.7	0.10
plans		0.17	0.13
Income tax effect		_	<u></u>
Total other Comprehensive Income for the Year, net			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
of tax		0.17	0.13
		,,	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
Total Comprehensive Income for the period			,,
(Comprising Profit / (Loss) and Other Comprehensive		(83.31)	(760.87)
Income for the period)		(05.51)	(700.07)



			(\ III Lakiis)
Particulars	Note no	For the year ended 31st March,2017	For the year ended 31st March,2016
Earning per equity share (For continuing operations): i) Basic (₹ per share) ii) Diluted (₹ per share)		(166.95) (166.95)	(1,522.01) (1,522.01)
Earning per equity share (For discontinued operations): i) Basic (₹ per share) ii) Diluted (₹ per share)		-	<u>-</u>
Earning per equity share (For discontinued & continuing operations): i) Basic (₹ per share) ii) Diluted (₹ per share)		(166.95) (166.95)	(1,522.01) (1,522.01)

Significant accounting policies and notes to financial statements form an integral part of the Statement of Profit and Loss.

As per our attached report of even date

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

For G. D. Apte & Co. Chartered Accountants ICAI Firm Registration No. 100515W

U. S. Abhyankar

Partner

Membership No. 113053

Place: Mumbai

Date: 18th April 2017

Mukund Rathi

Director

DIN: 07260182

Avinash Harde

Director

DIN: 06981622

Rajesh Kankani

Director

DIN: 7536753

Place: Mumbai

Date:18th April 2017

West

WARASGAON TOURISM LIMITED CIN.No.U63040MH2010PLC200459

Statement of Clashflow for the year ended 31st March 2017.

The second of the year chided 51st March 20		(₹in Lakhs)
Particulars	For the year ended 31st March,2017	For the year ended 31st March,2016
A. CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Profit / (loss) before tax	(83.47)	(761.00)
Add:		•
Finance Cost	14.24	12.16
Depreciation	24,52	28.85
Allowance for Doubtful Debts	0.56	20.03
Other comprehensive income	0.17	0.13
1	39.49	41.14
Less:		
Excess Provision in earlier year written back	2.55	0.07
Operating Cash Flow before working Capital changes	(46.53)	(719.93)
- (Increase) / Decrease in Inventories	0.42	0.62
- (Increase) / Decrease in Trade Receivables	5.62	(12.93)
- (Increase) / Decrease in Other Financial Assets	-	(4.51)
- (Increase) / Decrease in Other current Assets	14.56	(15.94)
- Increase / (Decrease) in Non current Provisions	(0.11)	(0.05)
- Increase / (Decrease) in Trade Payable	62.97	756.64
- Increase / (Decrease) in Other Financial Liabilities	(9.14)	1.79
- Increase / (Decrease) in Other Current liabilities	1.05	(13.30)
- Increase / (Decrease) in short term Provisions	(0.10)	(80.0)
CASH GENERATED FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	28.74	(7.69)
Taxes (Paid) / refund	(3.10)	11.64
NET CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	25.64	3.95
CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	-	-
CASH FLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
- Proceeds from / (Repayment of) Long term Borrowings	22.53	
- Interest & Finance Charges Paid	(21.86)	(2.19)
NET CASH FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES	0.67	(2.19)



(₹in Lakhs)

	(V III EQNIS)
e year 31st ,2017	For the year ended 31st March,2016
26.31	1.75
21.92 48.24	20.17 21.92

- i) Details of Cash and cash equivalents are given in note No. 2.05
- ii) The above cash- flow statement have been prepared under the indirect method setout in Ind AS 7, 'Statement of Cashflows' specified under section 133 of the Act read with rule 4 of the Companies (Indian Accounting Standard) Rules, 2015 and rule 4 of Companies (India Accounting Standard) Amendment Rules 2016.
- iii) Direct Tax paid is treated as arising from operating activities and are not bifurcated between investment and financing activities.
- iv) All figures in brackets indicate outflow.

As per our attached report of even date

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

For G. D. Apte & Co. Chartered Accountants

ICAI Firm Registration No. 100515W

Mukund Rathi

Director

DIN: 07260182

Director

DIN: 06981622

U. S. Abhyankar

Partner

Membership No. 113053

Place: Mumbai

Date: 18th April 2017

Rajesh Kankani

Director

DIN: 7536753

Place: Mumbai

Date: 18th April 2017

WARASGAON TOURISM LIMITED CIN.No.U63040MH2010PLC200459

Statement of Changes in Equity as at March 31, 2017

A. Equity Share Capital

(₹in Lakhs) Balance at April 01, 2015 Changes in Balance as Balance as at Changes in equity share at March 31. equity share March 31, 2017 capital during 2016 capital the year during the year 5.00 5.00 5.00

B. Other Equity

(₹in Lakhs)

	F	Reserve a	nd Surplus	Other items	<u> </u>
Particulars	Equity component of CRPS	Securities Premium Reserve	Retained Earnings	of Other Comprehensive Income	Total
Restated balance at the beginning of 1st April 2015	9.84	973.84	(8,149.41)	0.08	(7,165.66)
Profit / (Loss) for the period			(761.00)		(761.00)
Other Comprehensive Income	· -	-	• -•	0.13	0.13
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	-	(761.00)	0.13	(760.87)
Balance at the end of 31st March 2016	9.84	973.84	(8,910.41)	0.21	(7,926.53)
Profit / (Loss) for the period			(83.47)		(83.47)
Other Comprehensive Income				0.17	0.17
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	· · · - 7,	(83.47)	0.17	(83.31)
Balance at the end of 31st March 2017	9.84	973.84	(8,993.88)	0.38	(8,009.83)

Significant accounting policies and notes to financial statements form an intergal part of the Statement of Changes in Equity

As per our attached report of even date

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

For G. D. Apte & Co. Chartered Accountants

ICAI Firm Registration No. 100515W

U. S. Abhyankar

Partner

Membership No. 113053

Place: Mumbai

Date:18th April 2017

Mukund Rathi Director

DIN: 07260182

Director

DIN: 06981622

Rajesh Kankani

Director

DIN: 7536753

Place: Mumbai

Date: 18th April 2017

Note No.1: SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND NOTES FORMING PART OF ACCOUNTS AS AT 31ST March 2017

A Company Overview

Warasgaon Tourism Limited('the company') is a public limited company incorporated and domiciled in India and it is engaged in Business of Transport and Tourism at Lavasa, India. The company was incorporated on 25th February 2010 and having its registered office in Mumbai, India. The Company operates as a subsidiary of Lavasa Corporation Limited.

B Basis of Preparation of Financial Statements

The financial statements are prepared in accordance with Indian Accounting Standard (Ind AS) under the historical cost convention on the accrual basis and the provisions of Companies Act, 2013 (to the extend notified). The Ind AS prescribed under section 133 of the Act read with rule 4 of the Companies (Indian Accounting Standard) Rules, 2015 and rule 4 of Companies (India Accounting Standard) Amendment Rules 2016.

The Company has adopted all Ind AS standards and adoption has been carried out in accordance with Ind AS101, First Time Adoption of Indian Accounting Standard. The transition was carried out from Indian Accounting Principles generally accepted in India as prescribed under Section 133 of the Act, read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 (IGAAP), which was the previous GAAP. Reconciliations and descriptions of the effect of the transition has been summarized in Note 2.34, 2.35, 2.36, 2.37 and 2.38.

C Statement of Compliance

The Financial Statements comprising Balance Sheet, Statement of Profit and Loss, Statement of Changes in Equity, Cash Flow Statement, together with significant accounting policies and explanatory notes for the year ended March 31, 2017 have been prepared in accordance with Ind AS as notified under the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 and Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Amendment Rules, 2016.

D Basis of measurement

The financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost convention and on an accrual basis, except for the following material items that have been measured at fair value as required by relevant Ind AS:

- i. Certain financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value (refer accounting policy on financial instruments);
- ii. Defined benefit and other long-term employee benefits.

E Functional and Presentation Currency

Items included in financial statement of the Company are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the Company operates ("the functional currency"). Indian rupee is the functional currency of the Company.

The financial statements are presented in Indian Rupees (₹) which is the Company's presentation currency. All financial information presented in Indian Rupees has been rounded up to the nearest lakhs except where otherwise indicated.



F First-time adoption of Ind AS

The financial statement for the year ended March 31, 2017 are the first financial statement prepared by the company in accordance with Ind As.

For the periods up to and inclusive of year ended March 31, 2016, the Company prepared its financial statements in accordance with accounting standards specified in section 133 of companies Act 2013 read together with rule 7 of Companies (Accounting Standards) Rules 2014 (Previous GAAP). Reconciliation and description of the effect of transition from previous GAAP to Ind AS on equity , Profit and cash flows are provided in Note No. 2.34, 2.35, 2.36, 2.37 and 2.38. The Balance Sheet as on the date of transition has been prepared in accordance with Ind AS 101 first- time Adoption of Indian Accounting Standards.

Ind AS 101 requires that all Ind AS for the first Ind AS Financial Statements, be applied consistently and retrospectively for all fiscal years presented. However this standard provides some exceptions and exemptions to the general this general requirement in specific cases. The application of these exceptions and exemptions are as discussed below:

(a) Exceptions to retrospective application of other Ind AS i. Estimates:

An entity's estimates in accordance with Ind AS at the date of transition to Ind AS shall be consistent with estimates made for the same date in accordance with previous GAAP (after adjustments to reflect any difference in accounting policies), unless there is an objective evidence that those estimates were in error. The Company has not made any changes to estimates made in accordance with Previous GAAP.

ii. Ind AS 109 – Financial Instruments (Classification and measurement of financial assets): Classification and measurement of financial assets shall be made on the basis of the facts and circumstances that exist at the date of transition to Ind AS. The Company has evaluated the facts and circumstances existing on the date of transition to Ind AS for the purpose of classification and measurement of financial assets and accordingly has classified and measured financial assets on the date of transition.

(b) Exemptions from retrospective application of Ind AS

i. Ind AS 16 Property, Plant and Equipment/ Ind AS 38 Intangible assets :

An entity may elect to measure an item of property, plant and equipment and Intangible asset at the date of transition to Ind AS at its fair value and use that fair value as deemed cost at that date or may measure the items of Property, plant and equipment, Intangibles by applying Ind AS retrospectively or use the carrying amount under Previous GAAP on the date of transition as deemed cost. The Company has elected to continue with the carrying amount for all of its property, plant and equipment, Intangible assets measured as per Previous GAAP and use that as its deemed cost as at the date of transition.

ii. Ind AS 17 Leases:

An entity shall determine based on facts and circumstances existing at the date of transition to Ind AS whether an arrangement contains a Lease and when a lease includes both land and building elements, an entity shall assess the classification of each element as finance or operating lease. The Company has used this exemption and assessed all arrangements based on conditions existing as at the date of transition.



G Use of Estimates

The preparations of financial statements in conformity with Ind AS requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, the disclosures of contingent assets and contingent liabilities, at the time of financial statements, income and expenses during the period. Actual results may differ from these estimates. Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized in the period in which the estimates are revised and in future periods which are affected.

Application of accounting policies that require critical accounting estimates and assumption having the most significant effect on the amounts recognised in the financial statements are :

- i. Valuation of financial instruments
- ii. Useful lives of property, plant and equipment
- iii. Lease classification
- iv. Measurement of defined employee benefit obligations
- v. Provisions
- vi. Utilisation of Tax Losses

H SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES:

a) Property, Plant and Equipment

Property, Plant and Equipment are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses if any. Cost comprises the purchase price and any attributable cost of bringing the asset to its working condition for its intended use. Borrowing costs relating to acquisition of fixed assets which takes substantial period of time to get ready for its intended use are also included to the extent they relate to the period till such assets are ready to be put to use.

b) Depreciation and Amortization

Depreciation on tangible assets is provided on reducing balance method over the estimated useful lives of the assets on pro-rata basis. The estimated useful lives are as below,

Building: 10 years

Plant & Machinery: 20 years

Computers: 6 years

Office Equipments : 20 years Furniture & Fixtures : 15 years

Vehicle: 10 Years

For the above classes of assets, based on internal assessment, Management believes that the useful life as given above represents the period over which it expects to use these assets. Hence the useful lives of these assets are different from the useful lives as prescribed under Part C of Schedule II of Companies Act, 2013.



c) Intangible Assets

Intangible assets are valued at cost less accumulated amortization and impairment loss if any. Intangible assets are amortized over their respective individual estimated useful lives on straight line basis.

d) Financial Instruments

Financial Assets

Financial assets comprises of investments in the equity and debt securities, trade receivables cash and cash equivalents and other financial assets.

Initial recognition:

All financial assets are recognised initially at fair value plus in case of financial assets not are recorded fair value through profit or loss, transaction cost are attributable to the acquisition of financial assets purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within a time frame established by regulation or convention in the market place (regular way trades) are recognised on the trade date, i.e., the date that the Company commits to purchase or sell the assets.

Subsequent measurement:

i. Financial assets measured at amortized cost:

Financial assets held within a business model whose objective is to hold financial assets in order to collect contractual cash flows and contractual terms of financial assets give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding are measured at amortized cost using effective interest rate (EIR) method. The EIR amortization is recognised at finance income in Statement of Profit and Loss.

The Company while applying above criteria has classified the following at Amortized cost

- a) Trade receivable
- b) Other Financial Assets

ii. Financial assets at Fair Value through other comprehensive income (FVTOCI):

Financial assets that are held within a business model whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets and the contractual terms of the financial assets give rise on specific dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding are subsequently measured at FVTOCI. Fair value movements in financial assets at FVTOCI are recognised in other comprehensive income.

iii. Financial asset are measured at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL)

Financial assets are measured at fair value through profit or loss if it does not meet the criteria for classification as measured at amortized cost or at fair value through other comprehensive income. All fair value changes are recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

De recognition of financial assets

Financial assets are derecognized when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the financial asset expire or the financial asset is transferred and the transfer qualifies for de recognition. On de recognition of a financial asset in its entirety, the difference between the carrying amount (measured at the date of de recognition) and the consideration received (including any new asset obtained less any new liability assumed) shall be recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

Impairment of financial assets

Trade receivables, contract assets under Ind AS 109 are tested for impairment based on the expected credit losses for respective financial asset.



I. Trade Receivables

An impairment analysis is performed at each reporting date. The expected credit losses over lifetime of the asset are estimated by adopting the simplified approach using a provision matrix which is based on historical loss rates reflecting current condition and forecast of future economic conditions. In this approach assets are grouped on the basis of similar credit characteristics such as industry, customer segment, past due status and other factors which are relevant to estimate the expected cash loss from these assets.

II. Other financial assets

Other financial assets are tested for impairment based on significant change in credit risk since initial recognition and impairment is measured based on probability of default over the lifetime when there is a significant increase in credit risk.

b. Financial liabilities

Initial Recognition and Measurement:

Financial liabilities are initially recognised at fair value plus any transaction cost that are attributable to the acquisition of the financial liabilities except financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss which are initially measured at fair value.

Subsequent Measurement:

The financial liabilities are classified for subsequent measurement into following categories-

- At amortized cost
- At fair value through profit or loss
- i. Financial liabilities at amortized cost

The companies classifying the following under amortized cost;

- a) Trade payables
- b) Other financial liabilities

Amortized cost for financial liabilities represents amount at which financial liability is measured at initial recognition minus the principal repayments, plus or minus the cumulative amortization using the effective interest method of any difference between that initial amount and the maturity amount.

ii. Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss Financial liabilities held for trading are measured at FVTPL.

De recognition of financial liabilities

A financial liability shall be de recognised when, and only when, it is extinguished i.e. when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged or cancelled or expires.

Offsetting of financial assets and financial liabilities -

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount is presented in Balance Sheet when, and only when, the Company has a legal right to offset the recognised amounts and intends either to settle on a net basis or to realize the assets and settle the liability simultaneously.



d. Reclassification of Financial Assets -

The company determines classification of financial assets and liabilities on initial recognition. After initial recognition, no re classification is made for financial assets which are categorized as equity instruments at FVTOCI and financial assets of liabilities that are specifically designated at FVTPL. For Financial Assets which are debt instruments, a reclassification is made only if there is a change in the business model for managing those assets. Changes to the business model are expected to be very in frequent. The management determines change in the business model as a result of external or internal changes which are significant to the company's operations. A change in the business model occurs when the company either begins or ceases to perform an activity that is significant to its operations. If the company reclassifies the financial assets, it applies the reclassification prospectively from the reclassification date which is the first day of the immediately next reporting period following the change in business model. The Company does not restate any previously recognised gains, losses (including impairment gains or losses) or interest.

I Impairment

The Company makes assessment of any indicator that may lead to impairment of the Assets on an annual basis. An asset is treated as impaired when the carrying cost of the asset exceeds its recoverable value, which is higher of net selling price and the value in use. Impairment loss, if any, is charged to profit and loss account in the year in which it is identified as impaired.

I Inventories

Stock of traded goods are valued at lower of cost or net realisable value. Cost includes material cost, labour, direct expenses and related overheads. Cost is determined on weighted average basis.

K Taxes on Income

The tax expense comprises of current tax & deferred tax charged or credited to the Statement of Profit and Loss for the year. Current tax is calculated in accordance with the tax laws applicable to the current financial year. The deferred tax charge or credit is recognised using the tax rates and tax laws that have been enacted by the balance sheet date. Where there are unabsorbed depreciation or carry forward losses, deferred tax assets are recognised only if there is virtual certainty of realization of such assets. Other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent there is reasonable certainty of realization in future. At each balance sheet date, recognised and unrecognized deferred tax assets are reviewed

L Revenue Recognition

- i) Revenue from sale of goods is recognised when significant risk and rewards of ownership are transferred to the customer. Revenue from services is recognised as and when services are rendered. Revenue from goods and sevices is accounted as net of taxes.
- ii) Interest income is recognised on time proportionate at basis



M Employee Benefits

i) Defined Contribution Plans

Company's Contributions paid/payable during the year to Provident Fund and Labour Welfare Fund are recognized in the Profit and Loss Account.

ii) Defined Benefit Plan & Other long term benefits

Company's liabilities towards gratuity and leave encashment are determined using the projected unit credit method which considers each period of service as giving rise to an additional unit of benefit entitlement and measures each unit separately to build up the final obligation. Actuarial gain and losses are recognized immediately in the statement of Profit and Loss Account as income or expenses. Obligation is measured at the present value of estimated future cash flows using a discounted rate that determined by reference to market yields at the Balance Sheet date on Government bonds where the currency and terms of the Government bonds are consistent with the currency and estimated terms of the defined benefit obligation.

iii) Short term benefits

Short-term employee benefits such as salaries, wages, short term compensated absences, performance incentives etc. and expected cost of bonus are recognised as expenses at the undiscounted amounts in the Statement of Profit and Loss of the year in which the related service is rendered.

iv) Compensated absences

The company recognises an obligation for compensated absences in the period in which the employee renders the servcies. The company provides for the expected cost of compensated absence in the Statement of Profit or Loss as the additional amount that the Company expects to pay as a result of the unused entitlement that has accumulated based on actuarial valuations carried out by an independent actuary at the Balance Sheet date.

N Borrowing Costs

Borrowing costs (less any income on the temporary investments of those borrowings) attributable to qualifying assets are capitalized. Other borrowing costs are charged to profit and Loss account.

O Contingencies / Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Company has a present obligation as a result of a past event and it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

Contingent liabilities are disclosed in the financial statements . Contingent assets are not recognised and are disclosed where an inflow of economic benefits is probable.

P Earning Per Share

Basic earning per share is calculated by dividing the net profit or loss for the year attributable to the equity shareholders (after deducting preference dividends and attributable taxes, if any) by the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the year. For the purpose of calculating diluted earning per share, net profit & loss for the year attributable to equity shareholders and weighted number of shares outstanding during the year are adjusted for the effects of all dilutive potential equity shares.

Q Foreign Currency Transactions

Foreign currency transactions during the year are accounted at the prevailing rate on the date of transaction. Current assets and current liabilities are translated at the exchange rate prevailing on the last day of the year. Gains or losses arising out of remittance/ translations at the year end are credited/ debited to the profit and loss account for the year.



R Lease

Where the Company is the lessee and the lessor effectively retains substantially all the risks and benefits of ownership of the leased term, are classified as operating leases. Operating lease payments are recognized as an expense in the Profit and Loss account on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

S Segmental Reporting

The Company's operation is considered under one segment "Transport and Tourism" for internal reporting. Therefore, the Company's business does not fall under different operational segments as defined by Ind AS 108 - "Operating Segments" referred to in Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013.

T Recent accounting pronouncements

1 Standards issued but not yet effective

In March 2017, the Ministry of Corporate Affairs issued the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) (Amendments) Rules, 2017, notifying amendments to Ind AS 7, 'Statement of cash flows' and Ind AS 102, 'Share-based payment.' These amendments are in accordance with the recent amendments made by International Accounting Standards Board (IASB) to IAS 7, 'Statement of cash flows' and IFRS 2, 'Share-based payment,' respectively. The amendments are applicable to the Company from 1 April 2017.

2 Amendment to Ind AS 7

The amendment to Ind AS 7 requires the entities to provide disclosures that enable users of financial statements to evaluate changes in liabilities arising from financing activities, including both changes arising from cash flows and non-cash changes, suggesting inclusion of a reconciliation between the opening and closing balances in the balance sheet for liabilities arising from financing activities, to meet the disclosure requirement. The Company is evaluating the requirements of the amendment and the effect on the financial statements is being evaluated.



Notes to and forming part of the financial statements as at and for the year ended 31st March 2017

2.01 Property, Plant and Equipment

)	(₹ in Lakhs)
			Та	Tangible Assets			
Particulars	Plant & Machineries, Office Equipments	Furniture and fixtures	Vehicles	Computers	Total	Capital work in progress	Total
Gross Carrying Value							
As at 1st April 2015	264.16	14.22	27.22	0.17	305.77	10.51	316.28
Additions	ţ	1	ı	t	.1	ı	•
Deductions/ disposals	1	ı	t	1	ı	ı	1
As at 31st March 2016	264.16	14.22	27.22	0.17	305.77	10.51	316.28
Additions					1		•
Deductions/ disposals					•		
As at 31st March 2017	264.16	14.22	27.22	0.17	305.77	10.51	316.28
Depreciation and Impairment					1 1		
As at 1st April 2015	83.88	4.17	19.72	0.15	107.92	ı	107.92
Depreciation charge for the year	25.08	1.82	1.94	0.01	28.85	1	28.85
Accumulated depreciation/ amortisation on disposals	·				ı	ı	ı
Impairment during the year					ı	,	
As at 31st March 2016	108.96	5.99	21.66	0.16	136.77	ı	136.77
Depreciation charge for the year	21.59	1.49	1.44	1	24.52	1	24.52
Accumulated depreciation/ amortisation on disposals			,		ı	ı	1
Impairment during the year					1	ī	í
As at 31st March 2017	130.55	7.48	23.10	0.16	161.29	ı	161.29
Net Carrying value	1			1		1	1
As at 31st March 2017	133.61	6.74	4.13	0.01	144.48	10.51	154.99
As at 31st March 2016	155.20	8.23	5.57	10.0	169.01	10.51	179.52
As at 1st April 2015	180.28	10.05	7.51	0.02	197.85	10.51	208.36



		As at March 31st, 2017	As at March 31st, 2016	As at April 1st, 2015
2 02	Other Financial Assets		,	
	Fixed deposits with Bank (Maturity with more than 12 months)	26.65	26.65	26.65
		26.65	26.65	26.65
צח ל	Inventories			
2,03	Stock in trade	4.17	4.59	5.20
		4.17	4.59	5.20
2.04	Trade Receivables (Unsecured, considered good)**			
	(i) Outstanding over Six Months from the dat			
	- Considered good	13.22	8.28	5.02
	 Considered doubtful (ii) Outstanding Less than Six Months 	0.56		-
	(ii) Oddstallaring Less than Six Montals	13.78	11.11	1.44 6.46
	Less : - Provision for doubtful receivables	(0.56)	19.39	Ų.+C
		13.22	19.39	6.46
2.05	Cash and Cash equivalents (a) Balances With Banks (b) Cash On Hand	47.73 0.51 48.24	21.86 0.06 21.92	19.94 0.23 20.1 1
	(a) Balances With Banks (b) Cash On Hand Short-term loans and advances	0.51	0.06	0.23
	(a) Balances With Banks (b) Cash On Hand	0.51	0.06	20.1
	(a) Balances With Banks (b) Cash On Hand Short-term loans and advances	0.51 48.24	21.92	0.2: 20.1 0.64
	(a) Balances With Banks (b) Cash On Hand Short-term loans and advances	0.51 48.24 0.64 0.64 the company either severally or	0.06 21.92 0.64 0.64 iointly with any other person	0.21 20.1 0.6 - 0.6
2.06	(a) Balances With Banks (b) Cash On Hand Short-term loans and advances (a) Deposits **No loans are due by directors or other officers of are due from firms or private companies respective Other Financial assets	0.51 48.24 0.64 0.64 the company either severally or large several severally or large severally or large several sever	0.06 21.92 0.64 0.64 0.64 pointly with any other personance, a director or a member	0.23 20.17 0.64 - 0.64 on, nor any loans
2.06	(a) Balances With Banks (b) Cash On Hand Short-term loans and advances (a) Deposits **No loans are due by directors or other officers of tare due from firms or private companies respective	0.51 48.24 0.64 0.64 the company either severally or ly in which any director is a par	0.06 21.92 0.64 0.64 jointly with any other personant and director or a member 6.75	0.20 20.1 0.6 0.6 0.6 0.6 0.6 0.6 0.6 0.6
2.06	(a) Balances With Banks (b) Cash On Hand Short-term loans and advances (a) Deposits **No loans are due by directors or other officers of are due from firms or private companies respective Other Financial assets Other Amounts Recoverable	0.51 48.24 0.64 0.64 the company either severally or large several severally or large severally or large several sever	0.06 21.92 0.64 0.64 0.64 pointly with any other personance, a director or a member	0.2: 20.1 0.6 0.6 0.6 0.6 0.7 0.6
4.06	(a) Balances With Banks (b) Cash On Hand Short-term loans and advances (a) Deposits **No loans are due by directors or other officers of are due from firms or private companies respective Other Financial assets Other Amounts Recoverable Current Tax Assets (Net)	0.51 48.24 0.64 0.64 the company either severally or ly in which any director is a par	0.06 21.92 0.64 0.64 jointly with any other personant personan	0.2: 20.1 0.6 0.6 0.6 0.7 0.6 0.7 0.7 0.8 0.8 0.8 0.8 0.8 0.8
4.06	(a) Balances With Banks (b) Cash On Hand Short-term loans and advances (a) Deposits **No loans are due by directors or other officers of are due from firms or private companies respective Other Financial assets Other Amounts Recoverable	0.51 48.24 0.64 0.64 the company either severally or ly in which any director is a par	0.06 21.92 0.64 0.64 jointly with any other personant and director or a member 6.75	0.2 20.1 0.6 0.6 0.7 0.6 20.7 20.8
2.06 2.07	(a) Balances With Banks (b) Cash On Hand Short-term loans and advances (a) Deposits **No loans are due by directors or other officers of are due from firms or private companies respective Other Financial assets Other Amounts Recoverable Current Tax Assets (Net)	0.51 48.24 0.64 0.64 the company either severally or ly in which any director is a par	0.06 21.92 0.64 0.64 jointly with any other personant personan	0.2 20.1 0.6 0.6 0.6 0.6 0.7 0.6 2.2 2.2
2.06	(a) Balances With Banks (b) Cash On Hand Short-term loans and advances (a) Deposits **No loans are due by directors or other officers of tare due from firms or private companies respective Other Financial assets Other Amounts Recoverable Current Tax Assets (Net) Tax deducted at source Other Current Assets	0.51 48.24 0.64 0.64 the company either severally or ly in which any director is a pare 6.75 6.75 4.93	0.06 21.92 0.64 0.64 1 jointly with any other personant ther, a director or a member 6.75 6.75 1.83	0.2 20.1 0.6 0.6 0.7 0.6 20.2 20.2 20.2 13.4
.06 .07	(a) Balances With Banks (b) Cash On Hand Short-term loans and advances (a) Deposits **No loans are due by directors or other officers of tare due from firms or private companies respective Other Financial assets Other Amounts Recoverable Current Tax Assets (Net) Tax deducted at source Other Current Assets Advances to Suppliers	0.51 48.24 0.64 0.64 the company either severally or ly in which any director is a part 6.75 6.75 4.93 4.93	0.06 21.92 0.64 0.64 1 jointly with any other personant person	0.2 20.1 0.6 0.6 0.7 0.6 0.7 0.6 0.7 0.8 0.9 0.9 0.9 0.9 0.9 0.9 0.9
.06 .07	(a) Balances With Banks (b) Cash On Hand Short-term loans and advances (a) Deposits **No loans are due by directors or other officers of tare due from firms or private companies respective Other Financial assets Other Amounts Recoverable Current Tax Assets (Net) Tax deducted at source Other Current Assets Advances to Suppliers Other Amounts Recoverable	0.51 48.24 0.64 0.64 the company either severally or ly in which any director is a part 6.75 6.75 4.93 4.93 19.22 0.13	0.06 21.92 0.64 0.64 1 jointly with any other personant person	0.2 20.1 0.6 0.6 0.7 0.6 0.7 0.8 0.8 0.9 0.9 0.9 0.9 0.9 0.9
2.06 2.07 2.08	(a) Balances With Banks (b) Cash On Hand Short-term loans and advances (a) Deposits **No loans are due by directors or other officers of tare due from firms or private companies respective Other Financial assets Other Amounts Recoverable Current Tax Assets (Net) Tax deducted at source Other Current Assets Advances to Suppliers	0.51 48.24 0.64 0.64 the company either severally or ly in which any director is a part 6.75 6.75 4.93 4.93	0.06 21.92 0.64 0.64 1 jointly with any other personant person	0.2 20.1 0.6 0.6 0.7 0.6 0.7 0.8 0.8 0.9 0.9 0.9 0.9 0.9 0.9



1	₹	in	Lakhs)

				(₹in Lakhs)
		As at March 31st, 2017	As at March 31st, 2016	As at April 1st, 2015
2.10	Share Capital	,,		
A)	Authorised			
	2,00,000 (Previous Year 2,00,000) Equity Shares of Rs. 10/- each	20.00	20.00	20.00
		20.00	20.00	20.00
	ISSUED			
	Equity Share Capital			
	50,000 Equity Shares (Previous Year 50,000) of Rs.10/- each fully paid up	5.00	5.00	5.00
		5.00	5.00	5.00
	SUBSCRIBED AND PAID UP			
	Equity Share Capital			
	50,000 Equity Shares (Previous Year 50,000) of Rs.10/- each fully paid up	5.00	5.00	5.00
		5.00	5.00	5.00

B) Reconciliation of shares outstanding at the beginning and at the end of the period

Equity Shares	As at March	31st, 2017	As at March	31st, 2016	As at April	1st, 2015
	No of shares	₹ In Lakhs	No of shares	₹ In Lakhs	No of shares	₹ In Lakhs
At the beginning of the year	50,000	5.00	50,000	5.00	50.000	5.00
Shares issued during the year for cash	-	-	-	_	-	
At the end of the year	50,000	5.00	50,000	5.00	50,000	5.00

C) Details of shareholders holding more than 5% of shares of the Company and shares held by holding & ultimate holding Company.

	As at March	31st, 2017	As at March 31st, 2016		As at April 1st, 2015	
	No of shares	% holding	No of shares	% holding	No of shares	% holding
Equity Shares of ₹ 10 each fully paid						
Lavasa Corporation Limited (Holding Company)	50,000	100.00%	50,000	100.00%	50,000	100.00%

D) Details of Allotment of Shares for consideration other than cash, allotments of Bonus Shares and Shares bought back:

Particulars	Financial Year (Aggregate No. of Shares)						
	2016-17	2015-16	2014-15	2013-14	2012-13		
Equity Shares :							
Fully paid up by way of bonus shares	-		_				
Allotted pursuant to contract(s) without payment being received in cash	-	-	-		-		
Shares Bought Back	-	-	-	-	-		

E) Rights & restriction attached to equity shareholders

The Company has only one class of equity shares having face value as ₹ 10/- each. Every holder of equity shares is entitled to one vote per share. In the event of liquidation of the Company, the holders of equity shares will be entitled to receive any of the remaining assets of the Company, after distribution of all preferential amounts. Any dividend proposed by the Board of Directors is subject to the approval of shareholders in the ensuing Annual General Meeting.



				(₹in Lakhs)
		As at March 31st, 2017	As at March 31st, 2016	As at April 1st, 2015
2.11	Other Equity			
A) a)	Preference Share Capital Authorised			
	1,20,000 (Previous Year 1,20,000) 0.001% Convertible Preference Shares of ₹ 10/- each	12.00	12.00	12.00
	Total	12.00	12.00	12.00
	Issued, Subscribed and Paid Up Share Capital Convertible Preference Share Capital classified as Equity			
	98,368 (Previous Year 98,368) 0.001% Convertible Preference Shares of ₹ 10/- each	9.84	9.84	9.84
	Total	9.84	9.84	9.84

b) Reconciliation of shares outstanding at the beginning and at the end of the year

Preference Shares	As at March	As at March 31st, 2017		31st, 2016	As at April 1st, 2015	
	No of shares	₹ In Lakhs	No of shares	₹ In Lakhs	No of shares	₹ In Lakhs
At the beginning of the Period / year	98,368	9.84	98,368	9.84	98,368	9.84
Shares issued during the year for cash	-	-	20,200	<u> </u>	30,303	9.0
Shares issued during the year pursuant to conversion of CCPS	-	-	-	-	-	
At the end of the Period / year	98,368	9.84	98,368	9.84	98,368	9.8

c) Details of shareholders holding more than 5% of shares of the Company and shares held by holding & ultimate holding Company.

Preference Shares	As at March	31st, 2017	As at March	31st, 2016	As at April	1st, 2015
	No of shares	% holding	No of shares	% holding	No of shares	% holding
Preference Shares of ₹ 10 each fully paid		· ·				·
Lavasa Corporation Limited (Holding Company)	98,368	100.00%	98,368	100.00%	98,368	100.00%

d) Rights & restriction attached to Preference shareholders

Dividend on cumulative redeemable preference shares proposed by Board of Directors is subject to approval of the shareholders in the Annual General Meeting. Each holder of preference share is entitled to one vote per share only on resolutions placed before the Company which directly affects the rights attached to preference shares. Cumulative preference shareholders are entitled to vote on every resolution if preference dividend remains unpaid for 2 years.

В)	Reserves and Surplus (a) Securities Premium Reserve:			
	Opening Balance Add : Addition during the year	973.84	973.84	973.84
	Closing Balance	973.84	973.84	973.84
	(b) Surplus/(Deficit) as per the statement of profit & loss Balance brought forward from last year Add: Profit/ (Loss) for the year Add: Ind AS Impact	(8,910.41) (83.47)	(8,149.41) (761.00)	(4,407.80) (3,741.61)
	Net Surplus/(deficit)	(8,993.89)	(8,910.41)	(8,149.41)
	(c) Other Comprehensive Income Balance brought forward from last year Add: Profit/ (Loss) for the year Net Surplus/(deficit)	0.21 0.17 0.38	0.08 0.13 0.21	0.08 0.08
	Total (a+b+c)	(8,019.67)	(7,936.36)	(7,175.49)
,	Total(A+B)	(8,009.83)	(7,926.53)	(7,165.66)
2.12	Long Term Provisions			
	Provision For Employee Benefits	0.43	0.54	0.59
		0.43	0.54	0.59



		As at March 31st, 2017	As at March 31st, 2016	(₹in Lakhs) As at April 1st, 2015
2.13	Deferred Tax Liabilities (net)		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
A	Deferred Tax Liabilities			
	Property, plant & Equipment	(3.31)	(3.57)	(3.80)
	TOTAL	(3.31)	(3.57)	(3.80)
В	Deferred Tax Assets			
	Provision for Gratuity	0.07	0.09	0.09
	Provision for Leave Encashment	0.12	0.18	0.21
	Provision for Impairment of receivable	0.17	•	0.00
	Carried Forward Tax losses	2.94	3.30	3.50
	TOTAL	3.31	3.57	3.80
С	Deferred Toy Linkillish (not)			
	Deferred Tax Liabilitiy (net) (Refer Note No. 2.39)	-	-	-
2.14	Short Term Borrowings			
	Unsecured and repayable on demand			
	Inter Corporate Deposits from related	20.50		
	parties(repayable on demand)	98.56	76.03	76.03
		98.56	76.03	76.03
.15	Trade payables			
	Payables for purchase of goods and services			
	- to Related Parties	7,664.08	7,647.75	7,227.17
	- to Others	57.61	58.95	65.54
	Others	450.95	405.52	62.94
		8,172.65	8,112.22	7,355.65
.16	Other Financial Liabilities (Current)			
	(a) Deposits (b) Interest Accrued And Due On Inter	2.80	1.00	1.00
	Corporate Deposit	12.82	20.43	10.46
	(c) Booking Advances	-	9.85	8.00
	(d) Retention Deposit Payables	1.12	2.21	2.27
	91	16.73	33.49	21.72
.17	Other Current Liabilities (a) Other Payables			
	(i) Statutory dues payable	4.68	3.54	16.01
	(ii) Others payable	0.44	0.52	16.81 0.56
		5.12	4.07	17.37
10	Chart Tarre Du 11			
.18	Short Term Provisions Provision For Employee Benefits	0.26	0.36	0.44
				0.44
		0.26	0.36	0.44



·	For the year ended 31st	(₹in Lakhs) For the year ended 31st
	March,2017	March,2016
2.19 Revenue from Operations		
(a) Sale of Traded Goods	A 3.7	0.40
(b) Sale of Services	0.11	0.42
(b) Jule of Jet vices	73.71	53.71
	73.82	54.13
2.20 Other Income		
Interest on Fixed Deposits	2.27	2.26
Rent Income	0.62	1.02
Interest on Income tax refund	0.05	0.65
Excess Provision in Earlier Year	2.55	0.07
Miscellaneous Income	7.13	6.20
	12.61	10.20
	12.01	10.20
2.21 Operating Expenses Consumption of material		
Event Management Expenses	0.42	1.51
Film Shooting Expenses	16.08	23.37
Selling and Marketing Expenses	10.29	8.76
Repairs and Maintainance	67.40 0.05	631.58
	94.24	665.21
2.22 Employee Benefit Expenses		
Salaries and wages	3.81	5.49
Contribution / provisions to and for provident, Gratuity and		
other funds Staff welfare expenses	0.40	0.53
Allocated Manpower Cost	0.33	0.63
Allocated Manpowel Cost	4.54	87.17 93.82
	T.J7	93.02
2.23 Office, Site Establishment and Other Expenses		
Office & Other General Expenses	23.33	15.79
Professional & Consultation Charges Insurance	1.76	2.68
Rent	0.41	0.47
Interest on Withholding tax	4.97	2.14
Rates and Taxes	-	1.69
Bank Charges	0.03 0.16	1.31
Power & Fuel	0.16	0.19 0.57
Net loss on foreign currency transactions and translation Payment to Auditor	-	-
for Statutory Audit	0.50	ΛΛΕ
	31.82	0.45 25.29
2.24 Finance Cost		
Interest Paid On Inter Corporate Deposit	14.24	12.16
and the state of t	14.24	12.16
	- 116 1	NPTE N

Note No. 2 Notes to and forming part of the financial statements as at and for the year ended 31st March 2017

2.25 Contingent Liability

a)	Particulars		(₹in Lakhs) 31st March
	Contingent Liabilities	2017	2016

b) Estimated amount of contracts remaining to be executed on Capital account and not provided for (net of advances)- Nil (Previous year ₹ Nil).

2.26 Related Party Disclosure

i) Particulars of Related Parties, which control or are under common control with the Company :

A) Holding Company & Ultimate Holding Company
Hindustan Construction Company Limited (HCC) - Ultimate Holding Company
HCC Real Estate Limited (HREL)- Parent Company of Holding Company
Lavasa Corporation Limited- Holding Company
Totaling company
B) Fellow Subsidiaries
Dasve Business Hotel Limited
Dasve Hospitality Institutes Limited
Dasve Retail Limited
Dasve Convention Center Limited
Full Spectrum Adventure Limited
Future City Multiservices Sez Limited
Hill City Service Apartments Limited
Hill View Parking Services Limited
Kart Racers Limited
Lakeview Clubs Limited
Lavasa Bamboocrafts Limited
Lavasa Hotel Limited
Mugaon Luxury Hotels Limited
My City Technology Limited
Nature Lovers Retail Limited
Our Home Service Apartments Limited
Reasonable Housing Limited
Rhapsody Commercial Space Limited
Rosebay Hotels Limited
Sahyadri City Management Limited
Valley View Entertainment Limited
Verzon Hospitality Limited
Warasgaon Assets Maintenance Limited
Warasgaon Infrastructure Providers Limited
Warasgaon Power Supply Limited
Lakeshore Waterports Company Limited
Warasgaon Valley Hotels Limited
C) Other Related Parties
Associates:
Knowledge Vistas Limited
Joint Ventures:
Andromeda Hotels Limited
Green Hills Residences Limited
Spotless Laundry Services Limited
Whistling Thrush Facilities Services Limited
Ecomotel Hotel Limited
Starlit Resort Limited
Bona Sera Hotels Limited
Apollo Lavasa Health Corporation Limited



	1					(₹ In Lakhs
Nature of Transactions	Parent C	Company	Fellow Su	bsidiaries	Other Rela	ted Parties
	31st March 2017	31st March 2016	31st March 2017	31st March 2016	31st March 2017	31st March 2016
Operating Income						
Ecomotel Hotel Limited	-	-	_	_	Ι.	(0.11)
Dasve Business Hotel Limited	-	-	-	1.75		-
Lavasa Hotel Limited	-	-	-	0.07	-	-
Project and Other Services Received						
Lavasa Corporation Limited	16.13	390.98				
Sahyadri City Management Limited	10.13	390.90	0.50	0.70	-	-
Whistling Thrush Facilities Services Limited		_	0.50	0.70	_	
Dasve Convention Center Limited		_	1.66	1.27	-	8.62
Dasve Business Hotel Limited	_	_	1.00	1.27	-	-
Lakeview Clubs Limited		_	0.20	0.96	-	_
Lakeshore Watersports Company Limited	_	_	0,20	1.00	-	-
Lavasa Hotels Limited	_	_	0.20	0.92	<u>.</u>	-
Starlit Resorts Limited	_	_	Ų.20 -	-	-	0.02
Bona Sera Hotels Limited	_	_		_	_	
Reasonable Housing Limited	_	_	0.57	0.54	_	0.11
Verzon Hospitality Limited	_		0.57	2.50	_	-
Spotless Laundry Services Limited	_	_	_	2.50	_	-
Ecomotel Hotel Limited	_	-	_	_	0.15	1.50
Interest on Inter corporate Deposit					0.13	1.50
Lavasa Corporation Limited	14.24	12.16	_	_	_	_
Inter corporate Deposit Outstanding						
Lavasa Corporation Limited	98.56	76.03	_	_	_	_
Interest Accrued & Due on Inter Corporate Deposit	12.82	10.95	_	_	_	_
Included in Trade Receivables						
Lavasa Corporation Limited	-	-	-	-	_	_
Dasve Convention Center Limited	-	-	-	0.46	_	_
Dasve Hospitality Institutes Limited	-	-	2.78	2.78	_	_
Ecomotel Hotel Limited	-	-	-	-	-	0.06
Lakeview Club Limited	-	-	0.54	0.54	-	-
Apollo Lavasa Health Corporation Limited	-	-	-	-	-	-
Lavasa Hotel Limited	-	-	2.47	2.47	-	-
Bona Sera Hotels Limited		<u>-</u>		-	-	0.37
ncluded in Trade Payables						
Lavasa Corporation Limited	7,658.02	7,648.90	-	-	-	-
Reasonable Housing Limited	-	-	0.84	0.15	-	-
Ecomotel Hotel Limited	-	-	- :	-	-	4.26
Lavasa Hotel Limited	-	•	4.52	4.33	-	-
Dasve Convention Center Limited	-	-	-	7.41	-	_
Sahyadri City Management Limited	-	-	1.19	0.70	-	-
Bona Sera Hotels Limited	-	-	-	-	0.69	1.05
Lakeshore Watersports Company Limited	-	-	-	0.13	-	-
Whistling Thrush Facilities Services Limited My City Technology Limited	-	-	-	-	4.26	4.26
Equity Share Capital Outstanding at face value		-	2.26	2.58		
Lavasa Corporation Limited	-	-	-	-]		-
Convertible Preference Share Capital Outstanding at	5.00	5.00			_	-
removed incidence office capital outstanding at	1					
ace value	'					



2.27 Earnings Per Share:

		(₹in Lakhs)
Particulars	31st March 2017	31st March 2016
Profit/(Loss) after taxation as per statement of profit and loss (₹ in Lakhs)	(83.31)	(760.87)
Less: Preference Dividend on cumulative preference shares incl distribution tax	0.00	0.00
Net Profit / (Loss) after preference dividend	(83.31)	
Weighted Average number of Equity Shares (for Basic EPS)	50,000	50,000
Earning Per Share (Basic) (in Rupees)	(166.61)	(1,521,75)
Weighted Average number of Equity Shares (for Diluted EPS)	50,000	50.000
Earning Per Share (Diluted) (in Rupees)	(166.61)	(1,521.75)

2.28 Financial Instruments By Category
The carrying value and the fair value of financial instruments by each category as at March 31, 2017 :

					(₹in Lakhs)
Particulars	Financial assets / liabilities at amortised costs	Financial assets / liabilities at FVTPL	Financial assets/ liabilities at FVTOCI	Total carrying value	Total fair Value
Assets					
Other Financial Assets-Long Term	26,65		_	26.65	26.65
Trade receivables	13.22	-	_	13.22	13.22
Cash and Cash Equivalents	48.24	-		48.24	48.24
Loan and Advances	0.64	-	-	0.64	0.64
Other Financial Assets-Short Term	6.75	-		6.75	6.75
Liabilities					
Borrowings from others	98.56	-	-	98.56	98.56
Trade Payables	8,172.65	-	- 1	8,172.65	8,172.65
Other Financial Liabilities	16.73	-	-	16.73	16.73
l					

The carrying value and the fair value of financial instruments by each category as at March 31, 2016:

					(₹in Lakhs)
Particulars	Financial assets / liabilities at amortised costs	Financial assets / liabilities at FVTPL	Financial assets/ liabilities at FVTOCI	Total carrying value	Total fair Value
Assets					
Other Financial Assets-Long Term	26.65			26.65	26.65
Trade receivables	19.39			19.39	19.39
Cash and Cash Equivalents	21.92	-		21.92	21.92
Loan and Advances	0.64	-	_	0,64	0.64
Other Financial Assets-Short Term	6.75	-	-	6.75	6.75
Liabilities					
Borrowings from others	76,03	-		76.03	76,03
Trade Payables	8,112,22		_	8,112.22	8,112.22
Other Financial Liabilities	33,49	-	-	33.49	33.49
	i	L	·		ı



2.29 Interest Income / (Expenses), Gains / (Losses) recognized on financial assets and liabilities

(₹in Lakhs)

		(\ III Lakiis)
Particulars	Year Ended March 31, 2017	Year Ended March 31, 2016
Financial Assets at amortised cost		
Interest income on bank deposits	2.27	2.26
Financial Liabilities at Amortised Cost		
Interest expenses on borrowings, overdrafts and Intercorporate deposit	14.24	12.16
Total	16.51	14.42

2.30 Exposure to credit risk

The Gross carrying amount of financial assets, net of any impairment losses recognised represents the maximum credit exposure. The maximum exposure to credit risk as at March 31, 2016 and 2015 was as follows:

		(₹in Lakhs)
Particulars	As at March 31, 2017	As at March 31, 2016
Other Financial Assets-Long Term	26.65	26.65
Trade Receivables (Net)	13.22	19.39
Cash and Cash Equivalents	48.24	21.92
Loan and Advances	0.64	0.64
Other Financial Assets	6.75	6.75
Total	95.50	75.35

2.31 Financial assets that are past due but not impaired:

There is no other class of financial assets that is past due but not impaired other than trade receivables. The age analysis of trade receivables have been considered from the date of invoice. The aging of trade receivables , net of allowances, that are past due, is given below

		(₹in Lakhs)
Period (in days)	As at March 31, 2017	As at March 31, 2016
0-30 days past due	2.58	3.35
31-1 year past due		9.67
1-3 year past due	10.65	6.34
More than 3 years past due	0.56	0.03
Total	13.78	19.39

Financial assets that are neither past due nor impaired

		(₹in Lakhs)
Particulars	As at March 31, 2017	As at March 31, 2016
Other Financial Assets-Long Term	26.65	26.65
Cash and Cash Equivalents	48.24	21.92
Loans & Advances	0.64	0.64
Other financial assets	6.75	6.75



2.32 Liquidity Risks

Liquidity risk is the risk that the company will encounter difficulty in meeting the obligations associated with its financial liabilities that are settled by delivering cash or another financial asset. The company's approach for managing liquidity is to ensure as far as possible that it will always have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when due, under normal and stressed conditions, without incurring unacceptable losses or risking damages to the company's reputation. Typically the company ensures that it has sufficient cash on demand to meet expected operational expenses, servicing of financial obligations.

Maturity Analysis of financial instruments

As At March 31, 2017

(₹in Lakhs)

Particulars	Particulars Carrying amount C				flow	
		0-12 Months	1-3 years	3-5 years	Above 5 years	Total
Borrowings from others	98.56	98.56		-	-	98.56
Trade payables	8,172.65	8,172.65	-	-	_	
Other Financial Liabilities	16.73	16.73	_	-	-	8,172.65 16.73

As At March 31, 2016

(₹in Lakhs)

Particulars	Carrying amount	Contractual Cash flow				
		0-12 Months	1-3 years	3-5 years	Above 5 years	Total
Borrowings from others	76.03	76.03	-	-		76.03
Trade payables	8,112.22	8,112.22	-	-	-	8,112.22
Other Financial Liabilities	33.49	33.49	-	-	_	33.49

2.33 Interest Rate Risk:

Interest rate risk is the risk that an upward movement in interest rates would adversely affect the borrowing costs of the Company The Interest rate profile of the company's Interest bearing financial instruments were as follows:

(₹in Lakhs)

	Carrying	amount
Particulars	As at March 31, 2017	As at March 31, 2016
Financial liabilities		
- Borrowings from Others	98.56	76.03

Fair value sensitivity for fixed rate instruments

The company does not account for any fixed rate financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit or loss. Therefore a change in interest rates at the reporting date would not affect profit and loss

2.34 Reconciliation of Equity from Previous GAAP to Ind AS as at April 1, 2015 and March 31, 2016

₹in Lakl

		(< III Lakiis)
Particulars	As at April 1, 2015	March 31, 2016
Equity as per Previous GAAP	7,160.66	7,921.53
IND AS Adjustments	-	-
Equity as per IND AS	7,160.66	7,921.53



2.35 Reconciliation of material items of Balance Sheet as per IND AS with Previous GAAP As at April 1, 2015

			(₹ in Lakns)
Particulars	As per IND AS	As per previous GAAP	Increase/ (Decrease)
Assets			
Property, Plant and Equipment	197.85	197.85	0.00
Capital work-in- progress	10.51	10.51	0.00
Long Term loans & Advances	-	0.64	(0.64)
Other Financial assets	26.65	-	26.65
Inventories	5.20	5.20	0.00
Trade Receivable	6.46	6.85	(0.39)
Cash and Cash equivalents	20.17	46.82	(26.65)
Loans & advances	0.64	43.65	(43.01)
Other Financial assets	2.24	-	2.24
Current tax assets (net)	13.47	-	13.47
Other current assets	27.95	_	27.95
Liabilities			
Equity Share capital	5.00	14.84	(9.84)
Other Equity	(7,165.66)	(7,175.49)	
Provisions	0.59	0.59	(0.00)
Borrowings	76.03	76.03	(0.00)
Trade payables	7,355,65	7,293.03	62.62
Other financial liabilities	21.72	-	21.72
Other current liabilities	17.37	102.16	(84.79)
Provisions	0.44	0.39	0.05

2.36 Reconciliation of material items of Balance Sheet as per IND AS with Previous GAAP As at March 31, 2016

Assets Property, Plant and Equipment Capital work-in- progress Long Term loans & Advances Cther Financial assets Inventories Trade Receivable Cash and Cash equivalents Current tax assets Cther Financial assets Cther Financial assets Trade Receivable Cash and Cash equivalents Cther Financial assets As					
Property, Plant and Equipment 169.01 169.01 (0.00 Capital work-in- progress 10.51 10.52 (0.01 Long Term loans & Advances - 0.64 (0.64 Other Financial assets 26.65 - 26.65 Inventories 4.59 4.59 (0.00 Trade Receivable 19.39 19.88 (0.49 Cash and Cash equivalents 21.92 48.57 (26.65 Loans & advances 0.64 52.95 (52.31 Other Financial assets 6.75 - 6.75 Current tax assets (net) 1.83 - 1.83 Other current assets 43.90 - 43.90 Liabilities 5.00 14.84 (9.84 Charrent Equity (7,926.53) (7,936.36) 9.83 Provisions 0.54 0.54 0.00 Borrowings 76.03 76.03 76.03 0.00 Trade payables 8,112.22 7,706.13 406.09 Other current liabilities 33.49 - 33.49	Particulars		previous	increase/ (Decrease)	
Capital work-in- progress 10.51 10.52 (0.01 Long Term loans & Advances - 0.64 (0.64 Other Financial assets 26.65 - 26.65 Inventories 4.59 4.59 (0.00 Trade Receivable 19.39 19.88 (0.49 Cash and Cash equivalents 21.92 48.57 (26.65 Loans & advances 0.64 52.95 (52.31 Other Financial assets 6.75 - 6.75 Current tax assets (net) 1.83 - 1.83 Other current assets 43.90 - 43.90 Liabilities Equity Share capital 5.00 14.84 (9.84 Other Equity (7,926.53) (7,936.36) 9.83 Provisions 0.54 0.54 0.00 Borrowings 76.03 76.03 76.03 76.03 Other financial liabilities 33.49 - 33.49 Other current liabilities 4.07 444.64 (440.57					
Capital work-in- progress 10.51 10.52 (0.01 Long Term loans & Advances - 0.64 (0.64 Other Financial assets 26.65 - 26.65 Inventories 4.59 4.59 (0.00 Trade Receivable 19.39 19.88 (0.49 Cash and Cash equivalents 21.92 48.57 (26.65 Loans & advances 0.64 52.95 (52.31 Other Financial assets 6.75 - 6.75 Current tax assets (net) 1.83 - 1.83 Other current assets 43.90 - 43.90 Liabilities Equity Share capital 5.00 14.84 (9.84 Other Equity (7,926.53) (7,936.36) 9.83 Provisions 0.54 0.54 0.00 Borrowings 76.03 76.03 76.03 76.03 Other financial liabilities 33.49 - 33.49 Other current liabilities 4.07 444.64 (440.57	Property, Plant and Equipment	169.01	169.01	(0.00)	
Cong Term loans & Advances	Capital work-in- progress				
Other Financial assets 26.65 - 26.65 Inventories 4.59 4.59 (0.00 Trade Receivable 19.39 19.88 (0.49 Cash and Cash equivalents 21.92 48.57 (26.65 Loans & advances 0.64 52.95 (52.31 Other Financial assets 6.75 - 6.75 Current tax assets (net) 1.83 - 1.83 Other current assets 43.90 - 43.90 Liabilities Equity Share capital 5.00 14.84 (9.84 Other Equity (7,926.53) (7,936.36) 9.83 Provisions 0.54 0.54 0.04 Borrowings 76.03 76.03 76.03 76.03 Trade payables 8,112.22 7,706.13 406.09 Other financial liabilities 33.49 - 33.49 Other current liabilities 4.07 444.64 (440.57		-			
Inventories 4.59 4.59 (0.00 Trade Receivable 19.39 19.88 (0.49 Cash and Cash equivalents 21.92 48.57 (26.65 Loans & advances 0.64 52.95 (52.31 Other Financial assets 6.75 - 6.75 Current tax assets (net) 1.83 - 1.83 Other current assets 43.90 - 43.90 Liabilities Equity Share capital 5.00 14.84 (9.84 Other Equity (7,926.53) (7,936.36) 9.83 Provisions 0.54 0.54 0.04 Borrowings 76.03 76.03 76.03 Trade payables 8,112.22 7,706.13 406.09 Other financial liabilities 33.49 - 33.49 Other current liabilities 4.07 444.64 (440.57	Other Financial assets	26,65	-		
Trade Receivable 19.39 19.88 (0.49 Cash and Cash equivalents 21.92 48.57 (26.65 Loans & advances 0.64 52.95 (52.31 Other Financial assets 6.75 - 6.75 Current tax assets (net) 1.83 - 1.83 Other current assets 43.90 - 43.90 Liabilities Equity Share capital 5.00 14.84 (9.84 Other Equity (7,926.53) (7,936.36) 9.83 Provisions 0.54 0.54 0.04 Borrowings 76.03 76.03 76.03 (0.00 Trade payables 8,112.22 7,706.13 406.09 Other financial liabilities 33.49 - 33.49 Other current liabilities 4.07 444.64 (440.57			4.59	(0.00)	
Cash and Cash equivalents 21.92 48.57 (26.65 Loans & advances 0.64 52.95 (52.31 Other Financial assets 6.75 - 6.75 Current tax assets (net) 1.83 - 1.83 Other current assets 43.90 - 43.90 Liabilities Equity Share capital 5.00 14.84 (9.84 Other Equity (7,926.53) (7,936.36) 9.83 Provisions 0.54 0.54 0.04 Borrowings 76.03 76.03 (0.00 Trade payables 8,112.22 7,706.13 406.09 Other financial liabilities 33.49 - 33.49 Other current liabilities 4.07 444.64 (440.57		19.39		(0.49)	
Loans & advances 0.64 52.95 (52.31 Other Financial assets 6.75 - 6.75 Current tax assets (net) 1.83 - 1.83 Other current assets 43.90 - 43.90 Liabilities Equity Share capital 5.00 14.84 (9.84 Other Equity (7,926.53) (7,936.36) 9.83 Provisions 0.54 0.54 0.04 Borrowings 76.03 76.03 76.03 (0.00 Trade payables 8,112.22 7,706.13 406.09 Other financial liabilities 33.49 - 33.49 Other current liabilities 4.07 444.64 (440.57		21.92		(26.65)	
Other Financial assets 6.75 - 6.75 Current tax assets (net) 1.83 - 1.83 Other current assets 43.90 - 43.90 Liabilities Equity Share capital 5.00 14.84 (9.84 Other Equity (7,926.53) (7,936.36) 9.83 Provisions 0.54 0.54 0.04 Borrowings 76.03 76.03 76.03 0.00 Trade payables 8,112.22 7,706.13 406.09 Other financial liabilities 33.49 - 33.49 Other current liabilities 4.07 444.64 (440.57		0.64	52.95	(52.31)	
Current tax assets (net) 1.83 - 1.83 Other current assets 43.90 - 43.90 Liabilities - - 43.90 Equity Share capital 5.00 14.84 (9.84 Other Equity (7,926.53) (7,936.36) 9.83 Provisions 0.54 0.54 0.00 Borrowings 76.03 76.03 76.03 (0.00 Trade payables 8,112.22 7,706.13 406.09 Other financial liabilities 33.49 - 33.49 Other current liabilities 4.07 444.64 (440.57		6.75	-	6.75	
Other current assets 43.90 - 43.90 Liabilities Equity Share capital 5.00 14.84 (9.84 Other Equity (7,926.53) (7,936.36) 9.83 Provisions 0.54 0.54 0.00 Borrowings 76.03 76.03 76.03 0.00 Trade payables 8,112.22 7,706.13 406.09 Other financial liabilities 33.49 - 33.49 Other current liabilities 4.07 444.64 (440.57		1.83	-	1.83	
Equity Share capital 5.00 14.84 (9.84 Other Equity (7,926.53) (7,936.36) 9.83 Provisions 0.54 0.54 0.00 Borrowings 76.03 76.03 (0.00 Trade payables 8,112.22 7,706.13 406.09 Other financial liabilities 33.49 - 33.49 Other current liabilities 4.07 444.64 (440.57	Other current assets	43.90	-	43.90	
Equity Share capital 5.00 14.84 (9.84 Other Equity (7,926.53) (7,936.36) 9.83 Provisions 0.54 0.54 0.00 Borrowings 76.03 76.03 (0.00 Trade payables 8,112.22 7,706.13 406.09 Other financial liabilities 33.49 - 33.49 Other current liabilities 4.07 444.64 (440.57					
Other Equity (7,926.53) (7,936.36) 9.83 Provisions 0.54 0.54 0.00 Borrowings 76.03 76.03 (0.00 Trade payables 8,112.22 7,706.13 406.09 Other financial liabilities 33.49 - 33.49 Other current liabilities 4.07 444.64 (440.57					
Other Equity (7,926.53) (7,936.36) 9.83 Provisions 0.54 0.54 0.00 Borrowings 76.03 76.03 (0.00 Trade payables 8,112.22 7,706.13 406.09 Other financial liabilities 33.49 - 33.49 Other current liabilities 4.07 444.64 (440.57		5.00	14.84	(9.84)	
Borrowings 76.03		(7,926.53)	(7,936.36)	9.83	
Trade payables 8,112.22 7,706.13 406.09 Other financial liabilities 33.49 - 33.49 Other current liabilities 4.07 444.64 (440.57		0.54	0.54	0.00	
Irade payables 8,112.22 7,706.13 406.09 Other financial liabilities 33.49 - 33.49 Other current liabilities 4.07 444.64 (440.57		76.03	76.03	(0.00)	
Other current liabilities 4.07 444.64 (440.57		8,112.22	7,706.13	406.09	
Other current liabilities 4.07 444.64 (440.57		33.49	-	33.49	
		4.07	444.64	(440.57)	
	Provisions	0.36	0.32	0.04	

2.37 Reconciliation of Net profit from Previous GAAP to Ind AS for the year ended March 31, 2016

	(₹in Lakhs)
Particulars	March 31, 2016
Net profit as per Previous GAAP	(760.87)
Add / (Less): Ind AS Adjustments	-
Re-measurement (gains)/losses on defined benefit plans	_
Net profit as per Ind AS	(760.87)



2.38 Reconciliation of material items of Statement of Cashflows for the year ended March 31, 2016 as per IND AS with Previous GAAP As at March 31, 2016

			(₹in Lakhs)
Particulars	As per IND AS	As per perviousn GAAP	Increase/ (Decrease)
Cash generated from operations	3.95	2.96	0.99
Net cash used in investing activities	_		
Net cash used in financing activities	(2.19)	(1.21)	(0.98)
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	20.17	20.17	-
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	21.92	21.92	

2.39 Deferred Tax Assets / Liabilities

Movement in temporary differences during current and p	revious year			(₹in Lakhs)
Particulars	Property, Plant & equulpment	Tax loss carry forward	Liability u/s 43B	Provision for Impairment of receivable
Balance as at April 1, 2015	(3.80)	3.50	0.30	
Recognised in Income Statement	0.23	(0.20)		
Recognised in equity	-	- (+:	(9,00)	
Balance as at March 31, 2016	(3.57)	3.30	0.27	
Recognised in Income Statement	0.26	(0.36)		0.17
Recognised in equity		- (0.30)	(0,07)	0.17
Balance as at March 31, 2017	(3.31)	2.94	0.19	0.17

B Unrecognised deferred tax asset

			₹ in Lakhs)
Particulars		As at 31st March 2016	
Unrecognised deferred tax asset			
Deductible temporary differences		-	
Unrecognised tax losses	2,777.57	2,751.77	2,517.53

Considering the praobability of future taxable profits in the period in which tax losses expire, deferred tax assets have not been recognized in respect of tax losses carried forward by the Company. Of the above, some tax losses expire at various dates.

C Income Tax Expenses recognised in P&L

	(₹		
Particulars	As at 31st March 2017	As at 31st March 2016	
Current tax expenses /(Reversal)			
Deferred Tax expense			
Origination and reversal of Temporary difference	0.07	0.07	
Reversal of previously recognised losses	(0.07)	(0.07)	
	_		



Reconciliation of effective tax rates

		(₹ in Lakhs)
Particulars	As at 31st March 2017	As at 31st March 2016
Profit Before Tax	(83,47)	(761.00)
Enacted tax rates in India	30.90%	30.90%
Expected Tax Expense/ (Benefit)	(25.79)	(235.15)
Effect of :		
Share based payment expenses/ other expenses not deductible for tax purposes	_	0.52
Unrecognised deferred tax assets/ liabilities on temporary differences	25,79	234.24
Expenses/ Income not taxable		
True up of IND AS & ROI	-	0.39
	(0.00)	(0.00)

2.40 Employee Benefits

D

A Defined Benefit Plans / Long Term Compensated Absences – As per Actuarial Valuation on March 31, 2017

Particulars Unfunded Unfunded Unfunded		1		Leave Enc	(₹ In Lakhs) ashment &		
Salst March 2017 2016	Particulars Particulars	Gratuity		Gratuity			
Change in benefit obligations		Unfu	nded	Unfunded			
Change in benefit obligations Defined Benefit Obligation at beginning of the period 0.29 0.30 0.57 0.67 0.67 Current Service Cost 0.09 0.10 0.19 0.21 0.21 0.22 0.04 0.05 0.06 0.09 0.10 0.19 0.21 0.21 0.25 0.04 0.05 0.002 0.04 0.05 0.002 0.04 0.05 0.002 0.04 0.05		31st March	31st March	31st March	31st March		
Defined Benefit Obligation at beginning of the period 0.29 0.30 0.57 0.67 0.67		2017	2016	2017	2016		
Defined Benefit Obligation at beginning of the period 0.29 0.30 0.57 0.67 0.67	Change in benefit obligations						
Current Service Cost	Defined Benefit Obligation at beginning of the period	0.29	0.30	0.57	0.67		
Interest Expenses 0.02 0.02 0.04 0.05 Benefits paid (0.17) - (0.13) (0.24) (0.25 Defined Benefit Obligation at the end of the period 0.24 0.29 0.39 0.57 Recognised In Balance Sheet	Current Service Cost				0.21		
Benefits paid - (0.17) - (0.17)		0.02			0.05		
Remeasurements - Actuarial (Gains) / Losses			-				
Recognised in Balance Sheet Present Value of projected benefit obligation at the end of the year Present Value of Plan assets at the end of the year Net asset/ (liability) Recognised in the statement of profit and loss under employee benefit expenses Current Service Cost Net Interest on the net defined benefit liability / asset Net periodic benefit cost recognised in the statement of profit & O.11 O.12 O.22 O.24 O.29 O.39 O.57 Recongnised in the statement of profit and loss under employee benefit expenses Current Service Cost Net Interest on the net defined benefit liability / asset O.02 O.03 O.04 O.05 Net periodic benefit cost recognised in the statement of profit & O.11 O.12 O.22 O.24 Remeasurements of the net defined benefit liability / (asset) Actuarial (gains) / losses (O.17) O.13) O.24) O.25 Recongnised in the statement of profit & O.11 O.12 O.22 O.24 O.25 Remeasurements on the net defined benefit liability / (asset) Actuarial (gains) / losses (O.17) O.13) O.24) O.25 Remeasurements of the net defined benefit liability / (asset) O.17 O.18 O.29 O.29 O.20 O.20 O.20 O.20 O.20 O.20 O.20 O.20	Remeasurements - Actuarial (Gains) / Losses	(0.17)	(0.13)		(0.25)		
Present Value of projected benefit obligation at the end of the year Fair value of Plan assets at the end of the year Net asset/ (liability) Recongnised in the statement of profit and loss under employee benefit expenses Current Service Cost Net Interest on the net defined benefit liability / asset Net periodic benefit cost recognised in the statement of profit & 0.11 0.12 0.22 0.20 Remeasurements of the net defined benefit liability / (asset) Acturial (gains) / losses (Return) / loss on plan assets excluding amounts included in the net interest on the net defined befenit liability / (asset) Actuarial Assumptions: Discount Rate Rate of increase of compensation levels The estimates of future salary increases, considered in actuarial valuation, take account of inflation, seniority, promotio and other relevant factors, such as supply and demand in the employment market.	Defined Benefit Obligation at the end of the period				0.57		
Present Value of projected benefit obligation at the end of the year Fair value of Plan assets at the end of the year Net asset/ (liability) Recongnised in the statement of profit and loss under employee benefit expenses Current Service Cost Net Interest on the net defined benefit liability / asset Net periodic benefit cost recognised in the statement of profit & 0.11 0.12 0.22 0.20 Remeasurements of the net defined benefit liability / (asset) Acturial (gains) / losses (Return) / loss on plan assets excluding amounts included in the net interest on the net defined befenit liability / (asset) Actuarial Assumptions: Discount Rate Rate of increase of compensation levels The estimates of future salary increases, considered in actuarial valuation, take account of inflation, seniority, promotio and other relevant factors, such as supply and demand in the employment market.	Recognised in Balance Sheet	1	Г	 			
Fair value of Plan assets at the end of the year Net asset/ (liability) Recongnised in the statement of profit and loss under employee benefit expenses Current Service Cost Net Interest on the net defined benefit liability / asset Net periodic benefit cost recognised in the statement of profit & 0.02 0.02 0.04 0.02 Net periodic benefit cost recognised in the statement of profit & 0.11 0.12 0.22 0.20 Remeasurements of the net defined benefit liability / (asset) Acturial (gains) / losses (Return) / loss on plan assets excluding amounts included in the net interest on the net defined befenit liability / (asset) Actuarial Assumptions: Discount Rate Rate of increase of compensation levels Expected average remaining working lives of employees IALM (2006-08) 08) 08) 08) Mortality Table The estimates of future salary increases, considered in actuarial valuation, take account of inflation, seniority, promotio and other relevant factors, such as supply and demand in the employment market.		- 0 34	0.30	0.00			
Recongnised in the statement of profit and loss under employee benefit expenses Current Service Cost 0.09 0.10 0.19 0.2	Fair value of Plan assets at the end of the year	0.24	0.29				
Recongnised in the statement of profit and loss under employee benefit expenses Current Service Cost Net Interest on the net defined benefit liability / asset Net periodic benefit cost recognised in the statement of profit & 0.02 0.02 0.04 0.05 Net periodic benefit cost recognised in the statement of profit & 0.11 0.12 0.22 0.20 Remeasurements of the net defined benefit liability / (asset) Acturial (gains) / losses (Return) / loss on plan assets excluding amounts included in the net interest on the net defined befenit liability / (asset) Actuarial Assumptions: Discount Rate Actuarial Assumptions: Discount Rate Rate of increase of compensation levels Expected average remaining working lives of employees Ala M (2006- 08) 08) 08) 08) 08) 08) Mortality Table The estimates of future salary increases, considered in actuarial valuation, take account of inflation, seniority, promotio and other relevant factors, such as supply and demand in the employment market.	Net asset/ (liability)	(0.04)					
Current Service Cost Net Interest on the net defined benefit liability / asset Net periodic benefit cost recognised in the statement of profit & 0.11 0.12 0.22 0.20 Net periodic benefit cost recognised in the statement of profit & 0.11 0.12 0.22 0.20 Remeasurements of the net defined benefit liability / (asset) Acturial (gains) / losses (Return) / loss on plan assets excluding amounts included in the net interest on the net defined befenit liability / (asset) Actuarial Assumptions: Discount Rate Rate of increase of compensation levels Rate of increase of compensation levels Expected average remaining working lives of employees IALM (2006- 08) 08) 08) 08) 08) 08) (ultimate) The estimates of future salary increases, considered in actuarial valuation, take account of inflation, seniority, promotio and other relevant factors, such as supply and demand in the employment market.	rect asset (nathrey)	[(0.24)	(0.29)	(0.39)	(0.57)		
Current Service Cost Net Interest on the net defined benefit liability / asset Net periodic benefit cost recognised in the statement of profit & 0.11 0.12 0.22 0.20 Net periodic benefit cost recognised in the statement of profit & 0.11 0.12 0.22 0.20 Remeasurements of the net defined benefit liability / (asset) Acturial (gains) / losses (Return) / loss on plan assets excluding amounts included in the net interest on the net defined befenit liability / (asset) Actuarial Assumptions: Discount Rate Rate of increase of compensation levels Rate of increase of compensation levels Expected average remaining working lives of employees IALM (2006- 08) 08) 08) 08) 08) 08) (ultimate) The estimates of future salary increases, considered in actuarial valuation, take account of inflation, seniority, promotio and other relevant factors, such as supply and demand in the employment market.	Recongnised in the statement of profit and loss under employee ber	efit expenses		<u> </u>			
Net Interest on the net defined benefit liability / asset Net periodic benefit cost recognised in the statement of profit & 0.11 0.12 0.22 0.20 0.20 0.20 0.20 0.20	Current Service Cost			0.19	0.21		
Net periodic benefit cost recognised in the statement of profit & 0.11 0.12 0.22 0.20 Remeasurements of the net defined benefit liability / (asset) Acturial (gains) / losses (Return) / loss on plan assets excluding amounts included in the net interest on the net defined befenit liability / (asset) Actuarial Assumptions: Discount Rate Rate of increase of compensation levels Expected average remaining working lives of employees IALM (2006- 08) 08) 08) 08) Orange of the net defined benefit liability / (asset) Orange of the net defined benefit liabi	Net Interest on the net defined benefit liability / asset	0.02			0.05		
Remeasurements of the net defined benefit liability / (asset) Acturial (gains) / losses (0.17) (0.13) (0.24) (0.25) (Return) / loss on plan assets excluding amounts included in the net interest on the net defined befenit liability / (asset) (0.17) (0.13) (0.24) (0.25) Actuarial Assumptions: Discount Rate Rate of increase of compensation levels Expected average remaining working lives of employees 13.29 years 13.50 years 13.00 years 13.29 years 13.10 years 13.29	Net periodic benefit cost recognised in the statement of profit &				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Acturial (gains) / losses (Return) / loss on plan assets excluding amounts included in the net interest on the net defined befenit liability / (asset) (0.17) (0.13) (0.24) (0.25) Actuarial Assumptions: Discount Rate Rate of increase of compensation levels Expected average remaining working lives of employees Mortality Table The estimates of future salary increases, considered in actuarial valuation, take account of inflation, seniority, promotio and other relevant factors, such as supply and demand in the employment market.	loss at the end of period	0.11	0.12	0.22	0.26		
Acturial (gains) / losses (Return) / loss on plan assets excluding amounts included in the net interest on the net defined befenit liability / (asset) (0.17) (0.13) (0.24) (0.25) Actuarial Assumptions: Discount Rate Rate of increase of compensation levels Expected average remaining working lives of employees Mortality Table The estimates of future salary increases, considered in actuarial valuation, take account of inflation, seniority, promotio and other relevant factors, such as supply and demand in the employment market.	Remeasurements of the net defined benefit liability / (asset)		T				
(Return) / loss on plan assets excluding amounts included in the net interest on the net defined befenit liability / (asset) (0.17) (0.13) (0.24) (0.25) Actuarial Assumptions: Discount Rate Rate of increase of compensation levels Expected average remaining working lives of employees Mortality Table The estimates of future salary increases, considered in actuarial valuation, take account of inflation, seniority, promotio and other relevant factors, such as supply and demand in the employment market.	Acturial (gains) / losses	(0.17)	(0.12)	(0.24)	(0.25)		
interest on the net defined befenit liability / (asset) (0.17) (0.13) (0.24) (0.25) Actuarial Assumptions: Discount Rate Rate of increase of compensation levels Expected average remaining working lives of employees Mortality Table IALM (2006- IALM (200		(0.17)	(0.13)	(0.24)	(0.25)		
Actuarial Assumptions: Discount Rate Rate of increase of compensation levels Expected average remaining working lives of employees Mortality Table IALM (2006- 08) 08) 08) 08) 08) 08) 08) 08) 08) 08)	interest on the net defined befenit liability / (asset)						
Discount Rate Rate of increase of compensation levels Expected average remaining working lives of employees Mortality Table The estimates of future salary increases, considered in actuarial valuation, take account of inflation, seniority, promotio and other relevant factors, such as supply and demand in the employment market. 7.70% 8.00% 7.50% 13.29 years 13.00 years 13.00 years 13.09 years 13.09 years 13.00 years 13.29 years 13.00 years 13.29 years 13.00 years 13.29 years 13.29 years 13.20 years 13.2		(0.17)	(0.13)	(0.24)	(0.25)		
Discount Rate Rate of increase of compensation levels Expected average remaining working lives of employees Mortality Table The estimates of future salary increases, considered in actuarial valuation, take account of inflation, seniority, promotio and other relevant factors, such as supply and demand in the employment market. 7.70% 8.00% 7.50% 13.29 years 13.00 years 13.00 years 13.09 years 13.09 years 13.00 years 13.29 years 13.00 years 13.29 years 13.00 years 13.29 years 13.29 years 13.20 years 13.2	Actuarial Assumptions:			,	1		
Rate of increase of compensation levels 7.50% 7.		7.700/	0.000/				
Expected average remaining working lives of employees 13.29 years 13.50 years 13.00 years 13.29 years 13.60 years 13.29 years 13.60 yea				7.70%			
Mortality Table IALM (2006- I							
Mortality Table 08) 08) 08) The estimates of future salary increases, considered in actuarial valuation, take account of inflation, seniority, promotion and other relevant factors, such as supply and demand in the employment market.	Expected average remaining working lives of employees	13.29 years	13.50 years	13.00 years	13.29 years		
Mortality Table 08) 08) 08) The estimates of future salary increases, considered in actuarial valuation, take account of inflation, seniority, promotion and other relevant factors, such as supply and demand in the employment market.	** * ***	IALM (2006-	IALM (2006-	IALM (2006-	IALM (2006		
(ultimate)	Mortality Table	08)	08)				
The estimates of future salary increases, considered in actuarial valuation, take account of inflation, seniority, promotio and other relevant factors, such as supply and demand in the employment market.		(ultimate)	(ultimate)	(ultimate)	(ultimate)		
other relevant ractors, such as supply and demand in the employment market.	The estimates of future salary increases, considered in actuarial value	ation, take ac	count of infla	tion, seniorit	y, promotion		
	and other relevant ractors, such as supply and demand in the employ	ment market	•				



Remeasurement of the net defined benefit liability recognised in other comprehensive income

		(₹ In Lakhs)
Particulars	March 31, 2017	March 31, 2016
Amount recognised in other comprehensive income for the year ending March 31, 2017 and March 31, 2016		
Remeasurement (gain)/loss arising from		
- Change in demographic assumptions		
- Change in financial assumptions	0.01	0.01
- Experience variance	(0.18)	(0.13)
- Return on plan assets, excluding amount recognised in net interest expense / inc	-	-
	(0.17)	(0.13)

Sensitivity Analysis of significant acturial assumption

Significant acturial assumptions for the determination of the defined benefit obligation are discount rate and expected salary increase. The sensitivity analysis below have been determined based on reasonably possible changes of the assumptions occurring at the end of the reporting period, while holding all other assumptions constant. The results of sensitivity analysis is given below:

				(₹ in Lakhs)
Sensitivity Analusis for Gratuity	r Gratuity March 31, 2017 March 31, 201		1, 2016	
	Decrease	Increase	Decrease	Increase
Discount rate (-/+ 1%)	0.27	0.21	0.33	0.26
(% change compared to base due to sensitivity)	13.96%	-11.36%	12.15%	-11.64%
Salary Growth Rate (-/+1%)	0.21	0.27	0,26	0.33
(% change compared to base due to sensitivity)	-11.36%	13.96%	-11.64%	12.15%
Withdrawal Rate (-/+1%)	0.24	0.24	0.29	0.29
(% change compared to base due to sensitivity)	1.30%	1.30%	-1.45%	-1.45%

b Defined Contribution Plans-

Accounts recognized as an expense and included in the note no. 2.22 contribution to Provident and other funds of Profit and Loss accounts- ₹ 0.20 Lakhs (Previous Year ₹ 0.32 Lakhs)

2.41 Trade Receivables

The company has used a practical expedient by computing the expected credit loss allowance for trade receivables based on a provision matrix. The provision matrix takes into account historical credit loss experience and adjusted for forward-looking information. The expected credit loss allowance is based on the aging of the days the receivables are due, the rates as given in the provision matrix and qualitative management review on case to case basis. The provision matrix at the end of the reporting period is as follows:

	(₹ In Lakhs)
Age of Receivables	Expected Credit loss
0.20 ()	
0-30 days Past due	0%
31 days-1 year past due	0%
1 year -3 years past due	0%
More Than 3 Years Past due	100%

Period (in days)	As at March 31, 2017	As at March 31, 2016
0-30 days past due	2.58	3.35
31-1 year past due	-	9.67
1-3 year past due	10.65	6.34
More than 3 years past due	0.56	0.03
TOTAL	13.78	19.39

Movement in Expected Credit loss allowance	As at March 31, 2017	As at March 31, 2016
Balance at the beginning of the year	-	-
Movement in expected credit loss allowance on trade receivables calculated at lifetime expected credit losses	(0.56)	-
Balance at the end of the year	(0.56)	



2.42 Disclosure required by Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises (Development) Act, 2006.As per requirement of Section 22 Micro, Small & Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006 following information is disclosed:

Particulars Principal amount remaining unpaid to any supplier as at the end of each accounting year. Interest due on (i) above remaining unpaid Amounts paid beyond the appointed day during the accounting year	March 31, 2017	March 31, 2016
Interest due on (i) above remaining unpaid Amounts paid beyond the appointed day during the accounting year		2016
Interest due on (i) above remaining unpaid Amounts paid beyond the appointed day during the accounting year		
Interest due on (i) above remaining unpaid Amounts paid beyond the appointed day during the accounting year	Nil	Nil
Amounts paid beyond the appointed day during the accounting year	Nil	Nil
	Nil	Nil
Interest paid on (iii) above	Nil	Nil
Interest due and payable on (iii) above	Nil	Nil
Interest accrued and remaining unpaid at the end of the accounting year	Nil	Nil
Interest remaining unpaid of the previous years for the purpose of disallowance under the		
Income Tax Act, 1961	Nil	Nil

The above information regarding Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises has been determined to the extent such parties have been identified on the basis of information available with the Company. This has been relied upon by the auditors.

2.43 Details of Foreign Currency Expenditure

(₹ In Lakhs)

		(III Colding)
Particulars	As at	As at
	March 31,	March 31,
	2017	2016
<u>-</u>	Nil	Nil

- 2.44 In the opinion of the Board, any of the assets other than fixed assets and non-current investments do not have a value on realization in the ordinary course of business lower than at least equal to the amount at which they are stated
- 2.45 Disclosures as per Notification GSR 308(E) dated March 30, 2017 of Ministry of Corporate Affairs in respect of details of Specified bank Notes (SBN) held and transacted during the period from November 08, 2016 to December 30, 2016:

(Amount in ₹				
Particulars	SBNs	Other Denominati on Notes	Total	
Closing cash in hand as on 08.11.2016	22,000.00	585.00	22,585,00	
(+) Permitted receipts	-	81,300.00	81,300.00	
(-) Permitted Payments	-	-	-	
(-) Amount deposited in Banks	22,000.00	71,700.00	93,700.00	
Closing cash in hand as on 30.12.2016		10,185.00	10,185.00	

2.46 Previous year's figures have been regrouped/recasted where necessary.

As per our attached report of even date

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

For G D Apte & Co.

Chartered Accountants

ICAI Firm Registration No. 100515W

Mukund Rathi Director

DIN: 07260182

Avinash Harde

Director

DIN: 06981622

U. S. Abhyankar

Partner

Membership No.

Place: Mumbai

Date: 18th April 2017

Rajesh Kankani

Director

DIN: 7536753

Place : Mumbai

Date: 18th April 2017